



FLORIDA'S CORAL REEF: FEBRUARY 2025 UPDATE

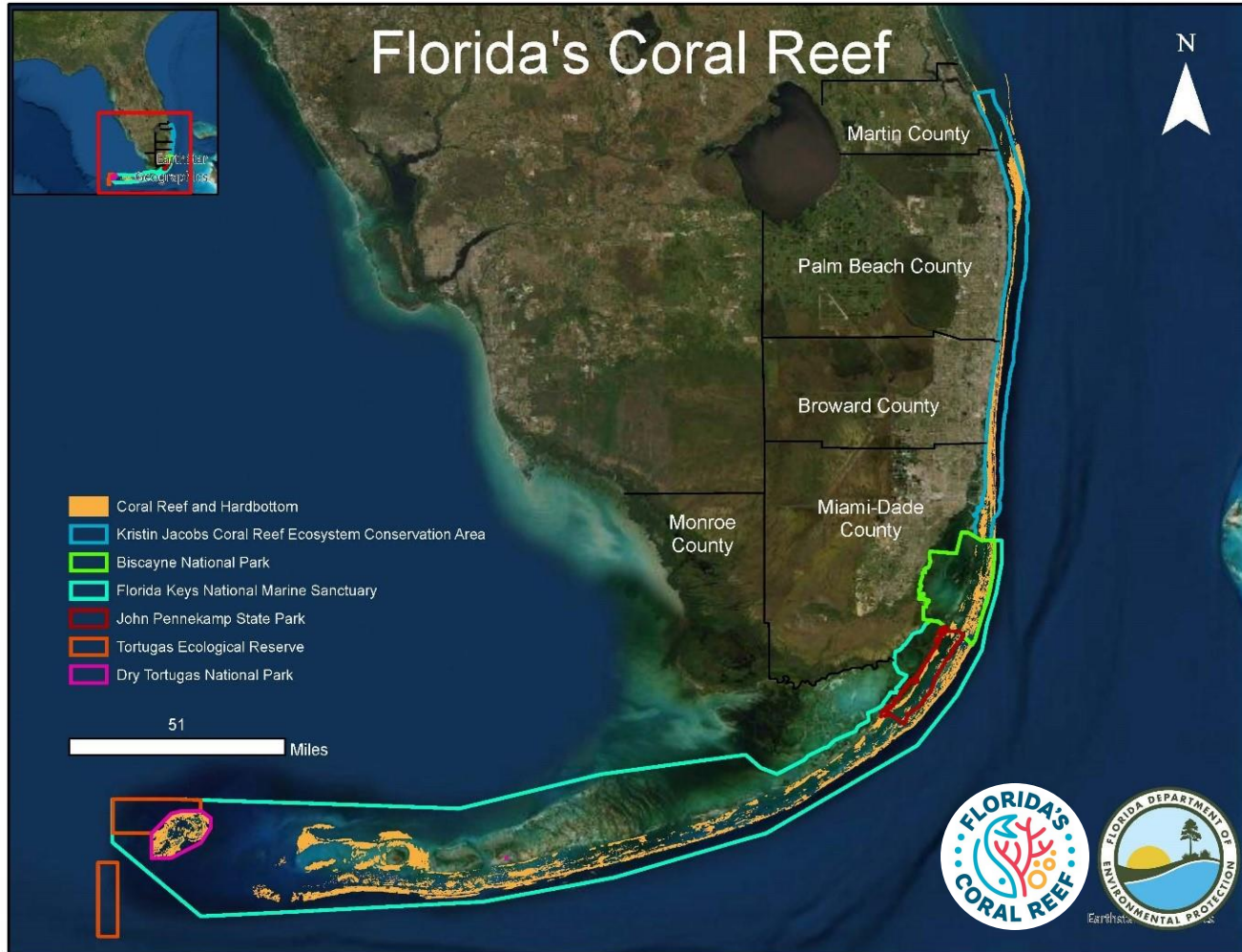


Mollie Cordo and Maurizio Martinelli
Office of Resilience and Coastal Protection
Florida Department of Environmental Protection

South Florida and Treasure Coast Regional Planning Councils Meeting
Fort Lauderdale, Florida | Feb. 28, 2025



FLORIDA'S CORAL REEF



Source: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)



FLORIDA'S CORAL REEF

Ecologically Diverse

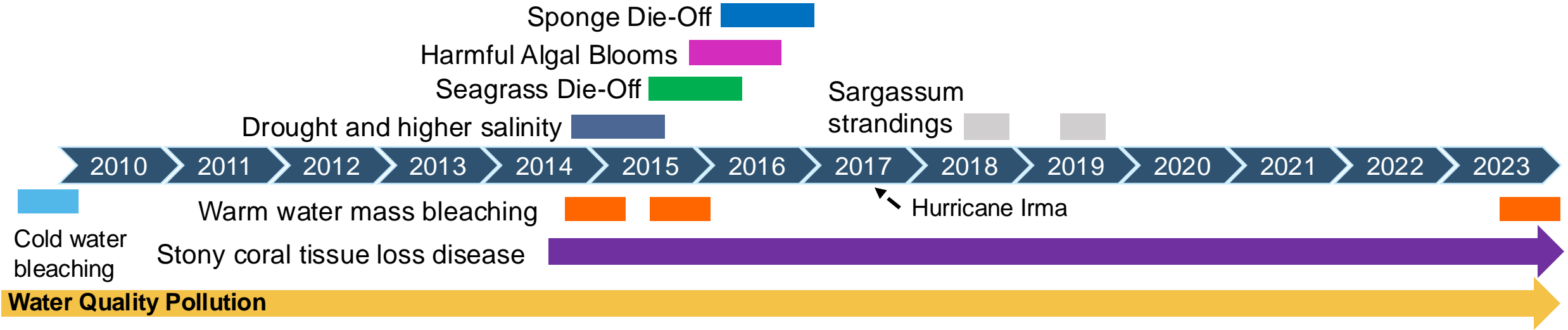


Economically Essential

- **Shoreline Protection:** Providing protection for **5,600 people** and **\$675 million** in economic activity — over **\$1 billion** in severe storm events.
- **Fisheries Habitat:** Providing **3,787 jobs** and **\$456.2 million/year** in economic output.
- **Tourism:** Annually supporting **71,000 jobs** and **\$6.3 billion** in sales and income.



FLORIDA'S CORAL REEF ENVIRONMENTAL AND BIOLOGICAL STRESSORS OVER TIME





FLORIDA'S CORAL REEF

2023 BLEACHING





KRISTIN JACOBS CORAL AQUATIC PRESERVE (CORAL AP)

Aquatic Preserve Designation

- Aquatic Preserve designation was officially established on July 1, 2024!
 - Subject to Florida Administrative Code, Chapter 18-20.
- Along with state and federal partners, the Department of Environmental Protection's (DEP) Coral Reef Conservation Program (CRCP) is responsible for managing the Coral AP by balancing conservation with commercial and recreational use.
- Thank you to everyone who has supported this effort!

Kristin Jacobs Coral Reef Ecosystem Conservation Area

The Kristin Jacobs Coral Reef Ecosystem Conservation Area, formerly known as the Southeast Florida Coral Reef Initiative region, was officially established on July 1, 2018. This conservation area, also referred to as the Coral ECA, is the northernmost section of Florida's Coral Reef and runs 105 miles from the St. Lucie Inlet to the northern boundary of Biscayne National Park.

The Coral ECA is part of the only barrier reef system in the continental United States and is home to more than 6,500 species of marine life, including fish, stony corals, soft corals, sponges and other marine invertebrates.

Map Key:

- Major City
- Major Road
- State Route 1 Miles Limit
- Florida's Coral Reef
- Florida State Park
- United States National Park
- Designated Conservation Area
- Aquatic Preserve Area
- Water
- Seagrass Bed
- Seagrass Bay
- Coastal Florida
- St. Johns River
- St. Johns County City

Did You Know?

- Corals may look like rocks or plants, but they are in fact animals, closely related to jellyfish and sea anemones.
- Reef growth is extremely slow. An individual coral colony may grow only 1/8 inch to 7/8 inches (1 cm to 18 cm) a year, depending on the species.
- Coral reefs in Southeast Florida generate \$5.7 billion in local sales and support 61,000 jobs every year (as of 2022).

Protecting Our Reefs

- The Coral Reef Conservation Program at the Florida Department of Environmental Protection is responsible for managing the Coral ECA by balancing conservation with commercial and recreational use.
- The Florida Coral Reef Protection Act of 2009 makes it illegal to damage or anchor on coral or hardbottom.

How You Can Help

Practice Safe Anchoring

- Use a public mooring buoy, or anchor in sandy areas using Florida's Coral Reef Locator available at FloridaDEP.gov/CoralReefLocator.

Dive Responsibility

- Keep our reefs protected by not touching these animals with your hands or equipment.

Reduce Marine Pollution

- Be sure to return home with anything you brought with you. Dispose of trash properly onshore.

Reel In and Recycle

- Don't leave unwanted fishing line behind. Find an onshore recycling bin and properly dispose of monofilament line.

Fish Sustainably

- Familiarize yourself with FWC's recreational fishing regulations, and download the Fish Rules App to find regulations quickly and easily on the water.

Report Marine Incidents to SEAFAN!

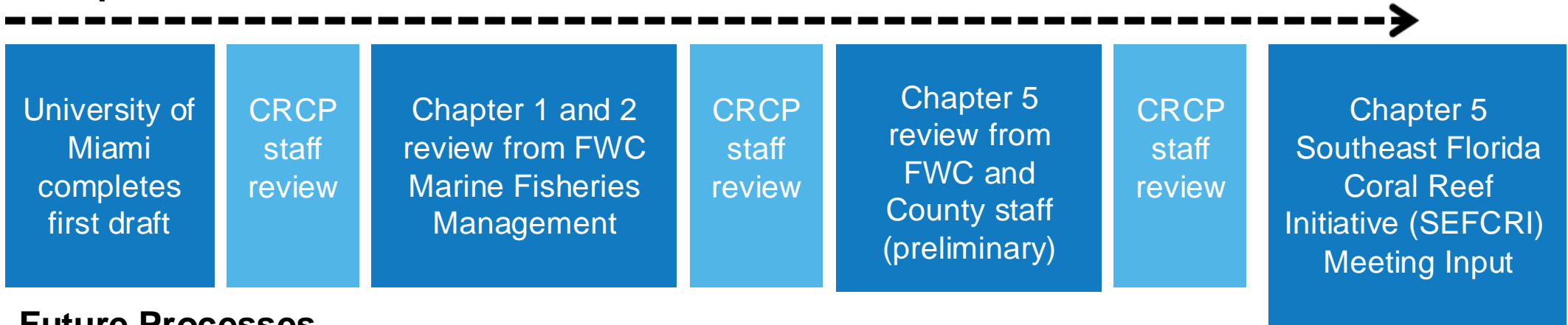
The Southeast Florida Action Network is a marine incident reporting and response program dedicated to protecting the Coral ECA. Go online at SEAFAN.net to report anchor damage, coral disease or other marine incidents. No special training is required!

Learn More About the Coral ECA, Find Resources and Get Involved. FloridaDEP.gov/CoralECA to learn more.

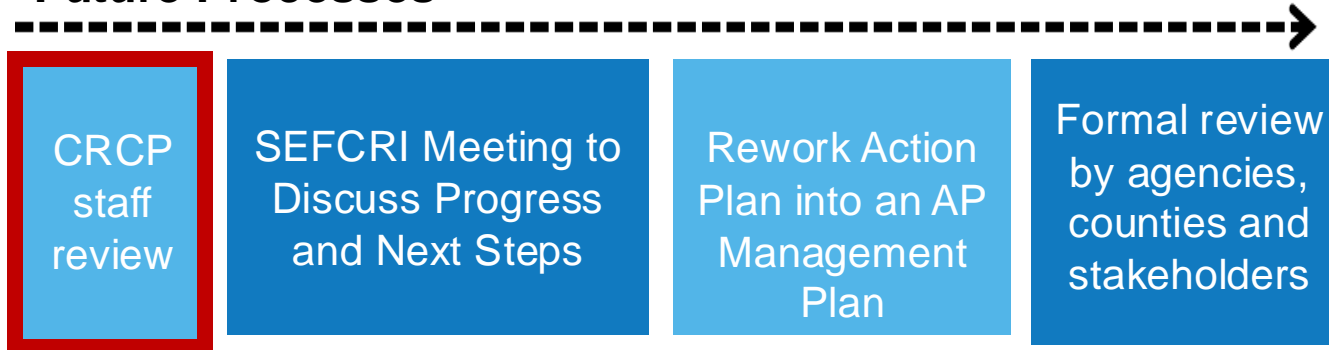


CORAL AP REEF ECOSYSTEM CONSERVATION AREA

Completed Processes



Future Processes



Action Plan Development Process by DEP's CRCP



CORAL AP REEF ECOSYSTEM CONSERVATION AREA

Action Plan — Chapter 5: Issues

Issues were streamlined based on previous projects and focus areas, feedback from the SEFCRI Team and regional CRCP priorities.

Issue A: Water quality/land-based sources of pollution, including marine industry and coastal construction impacts.

Issue B: Sustainable economic and recreational use/fishing, diving and other uses.

Issue C: Ecosystem disturbance response and recovery.

Issue D: Community education, engagement and access.

Issue E: Building ecosystem resilience.



FLORIDA KEYS NATIONAL MARINE SANCTUARY (FKNMS) RESTORATION BLUEPRINT



Source: FKNMS

Proposed FKNMS Management Plan:

- Expands the sanctuary boundaries.
- Adds additional protections for corals, seagrass, nesting birds and sea turtles.
- Adds new zones for coral restoration.
- Removes some fishing restrictions.

Timeline:

- Condition Report and Advisory Council goals (2011).
- Rule development and public comment (2012-2022).
- Proposed Rule and public comment (2022).
- Final Environmental Impact Statement (2024).
- Proposed Final Rule and Management Plan (January 2025).
- 45 days until 'effective date.'



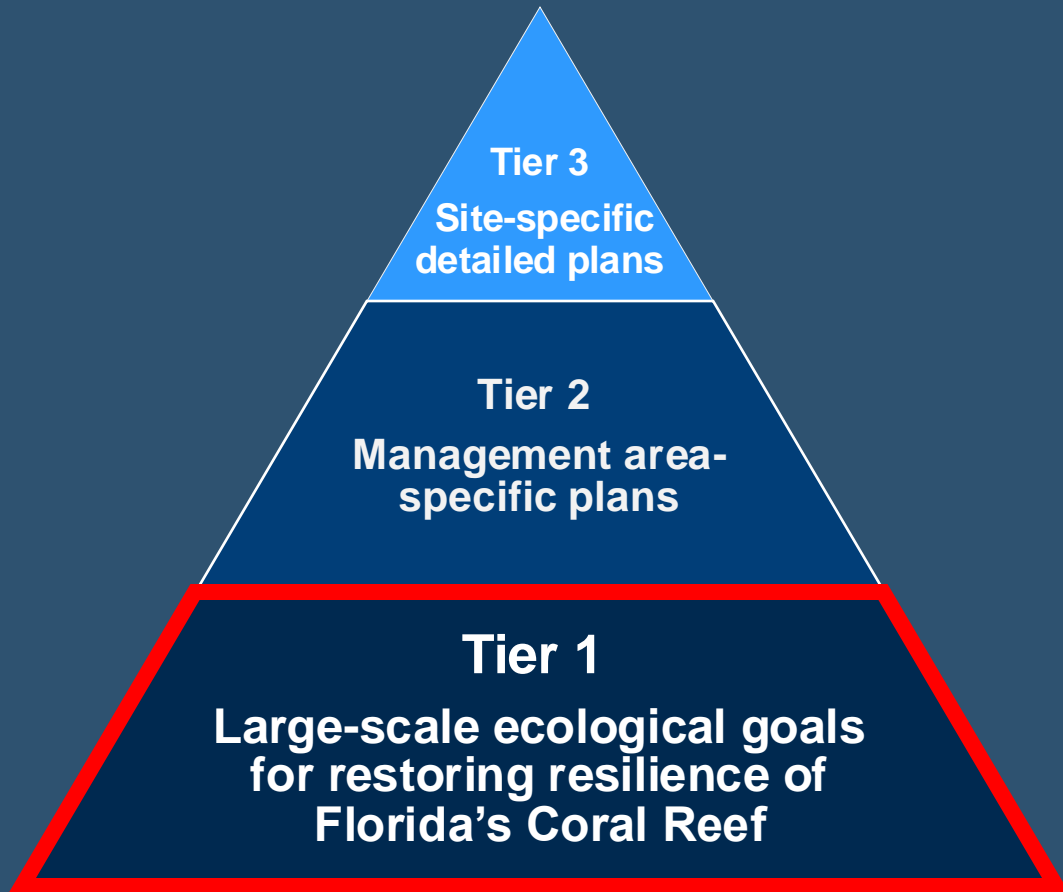
SHIFT FROM PLACE-BASED TO STATE-WIDE





FLORIDA'S CORAL REEF RESTORATION PLANNING

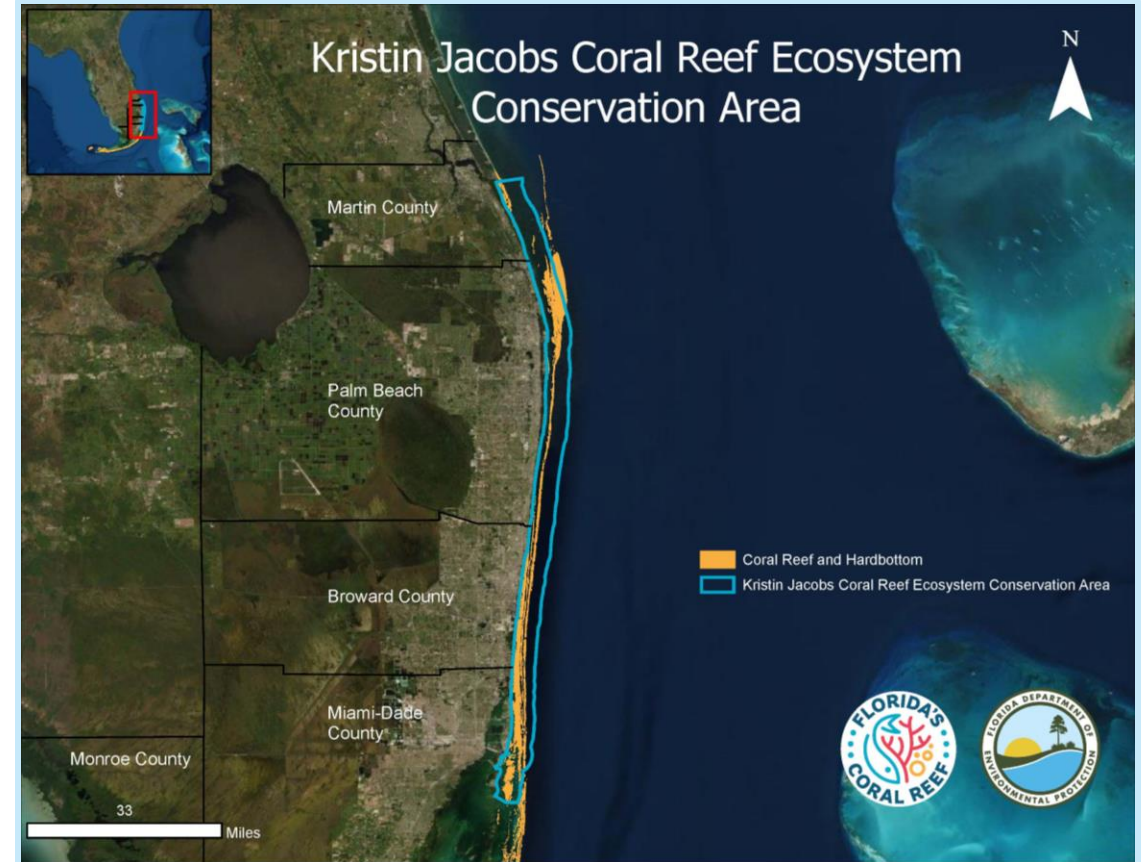
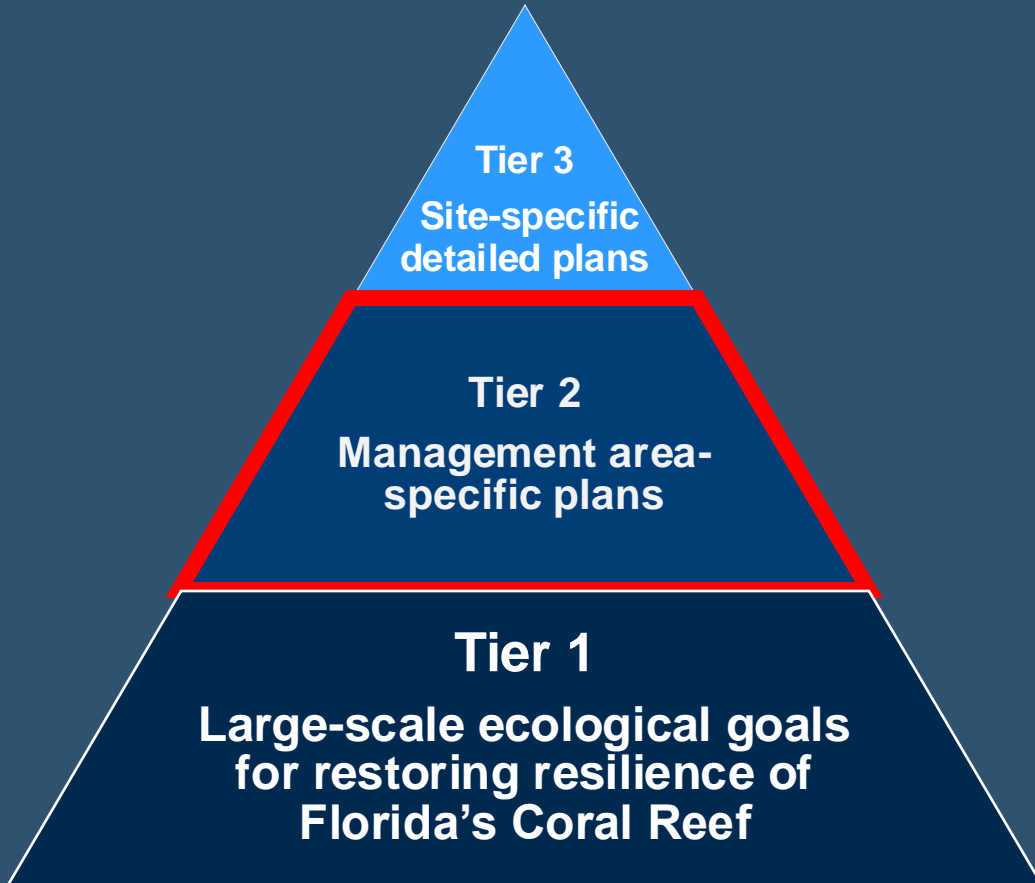
Restoration Planning





FLORIDA'S CORAL REEF RESTORATION PLANNING

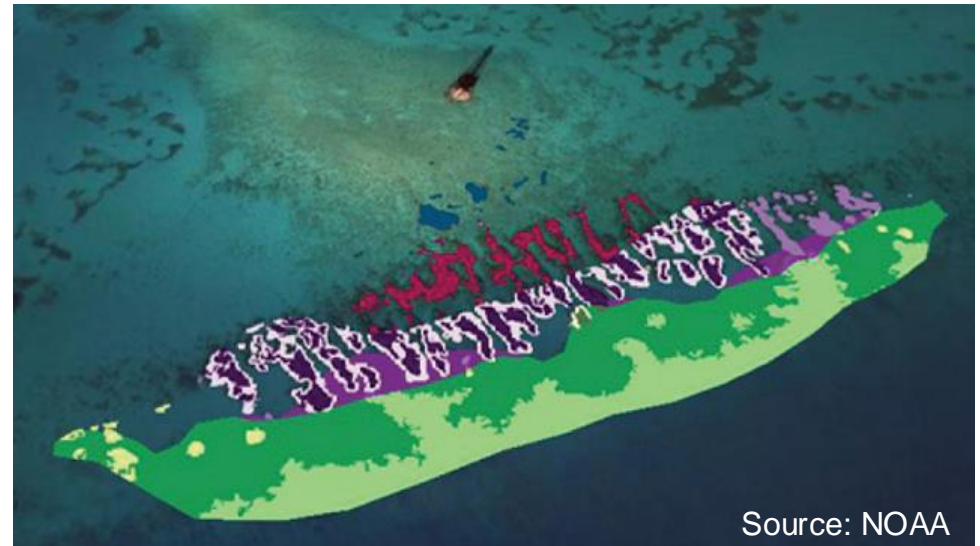
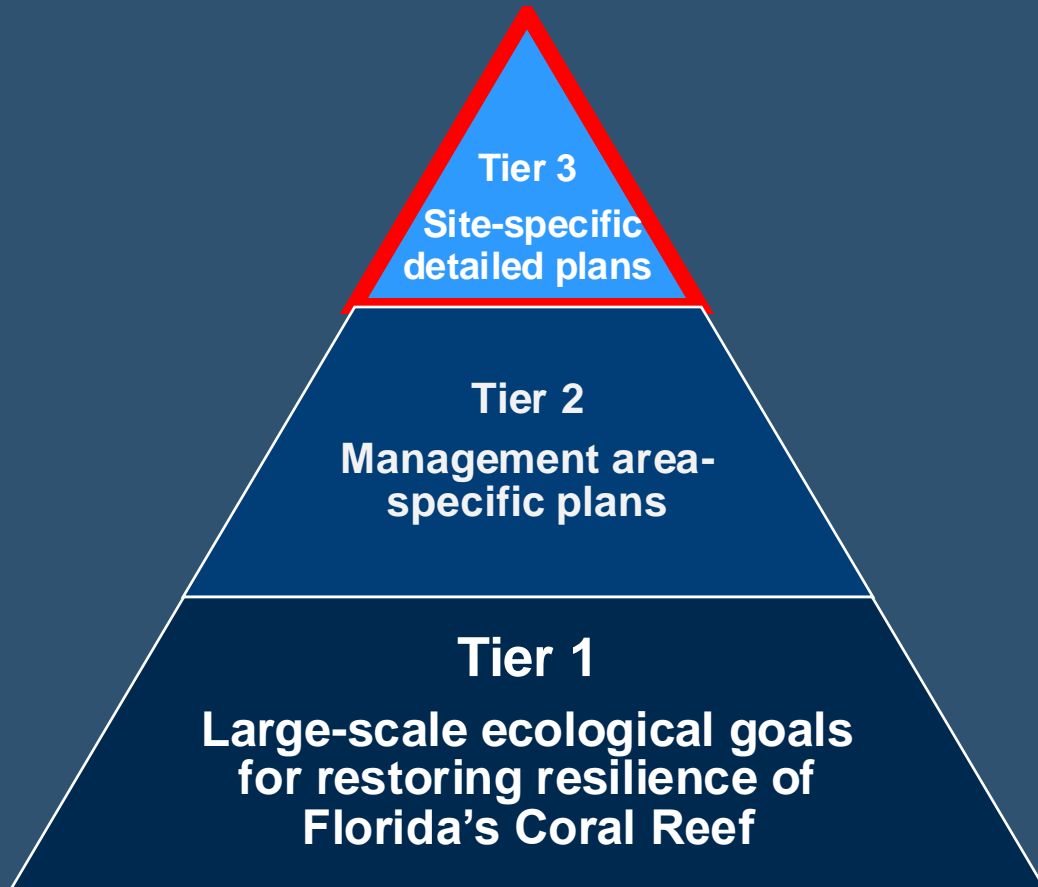
Restoration Planning





FLORIDA'S CORAL REEF RESTORATION PLANNING

Restoration Planning



Source: NOAA



CONNECTING TO EVERGLADES RESTORATION

Established Florida's Coral Reef Coordination Team (FCRCT) under the South Florida Ecosystem Restoration Task Force in September 2022.

- Starting with understanding the connection between Everglades, restoration efforts and Florida's Coral Reef water quality.
- Working to strengthen the connection between the restoration of the Everglades and the restoration of Florida's Coral Reef to interlinked ecosystems.



UNIFIED MONITORING FRAMEWORK FOR FLORIDA'S CORAL REEF

ADOPTED: November 9, 2023

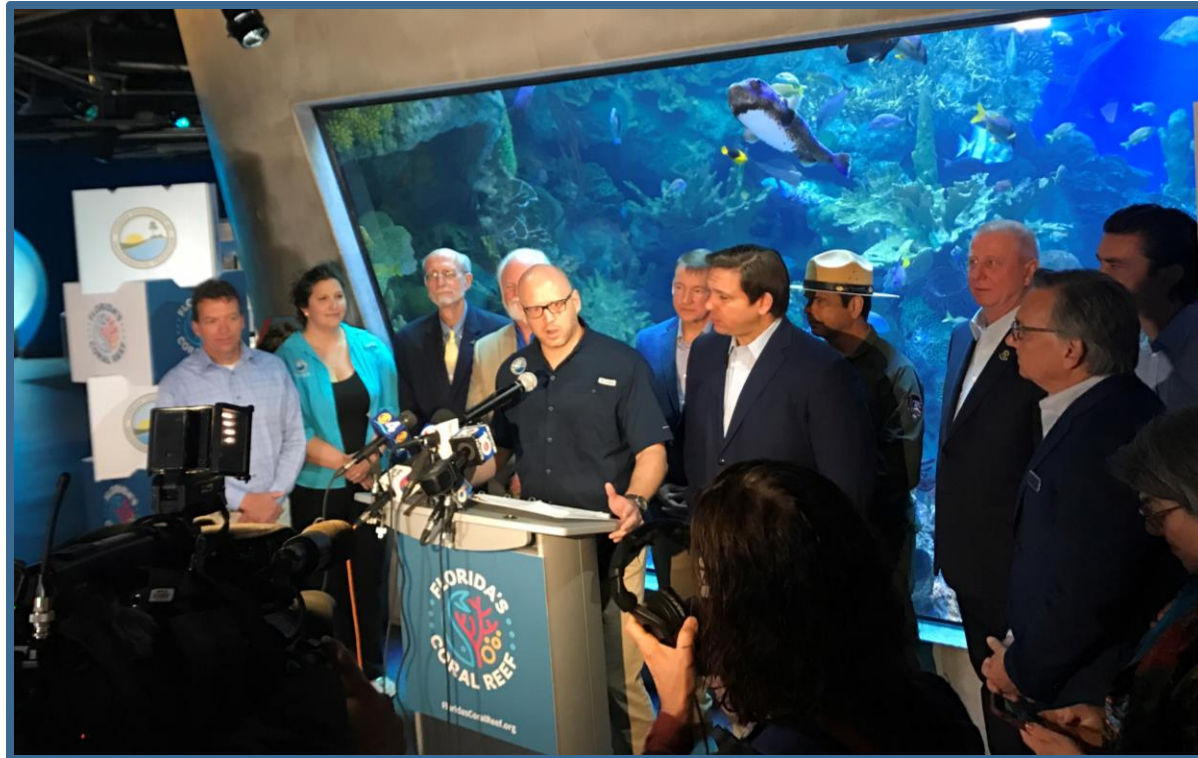




FLORIDA'S CORAL REEF

Florida's Coral Reef Restoration and Recovery (FCR3) Initiative

Biscayne Bay Water Quality Improvement Initiative





FLORIDA CORAL REEF RESTORATION AND RECOVERY INITIATIVE (FCR3)

Develop the infrastructure, technology, skilled workforce and logistics necessary by 2050 to support the long-term recovery of no less than 25% of Florida's Coral Reef.

Through facilitating an unprecedented, evidence-based propagation and outplanting program conducted by the state and its partners, Florida's Coral Reef will be restocked with hardy populations of native corals and other keystone species to re-establish and strengthen natural reproduction, dispersal and recruitment patterns.

FCR3 will also prioritize enhancing flood protection and strengthening southeast Florida's coastal economy.





FCR3 AGENCY ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES



Lead FCR3 coordination and funding administration, place-based strategy development for site selections, detailed designs for selected sites, as well as local monitoring and oversight. Lead hybrid reef projects. Lead coral mitigation information sharing and permitting.



Lead species permitting for all coral restoration activities. Continue oversight of partners holding 2,000+ broodstock corals housed in land-based facilities in Florida and across the nation. Lead genetic management of coral and reef-associated species. Co-develop and implement “propagation pipeline” and associated plans.



Provide high level oversight and guidance. Identify broader strategic opportunities.



FCR3 PHASE DETAIL

Phase I [Fiscal Year (FY) 2023-26]:

- In-State Facilities Expansion.
- Strategy Development.
- Science, Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan.
- Restoration Site Selection.
- Reinforce Existing Restoration Efforts.
- Workforce Development.

Phase I Estimated Budget:



- \$9.5 million per year.
- In addition to DEP and FWC operating costs.



FCR3 PHASE DETAIL

Phase I (FY 2023-26):

- In-State Facilities Expansion.
- Strategy Development.
- Science, Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan.
- Restoration Site Selection.
- Reinforce Existing Restoration Efforts.
- Workforce Development.

Phase II (FY 2027-35):

- Construction of New and Maintenance of Existing Facilities.
- Refine Training Curriculum.
- Maximizing Efficiency.
- Workforce and Volunteer Optimization.



Phase I Estimated Budget:

- \$9.5 million per year.
- In addition to DEP and FWC operating costs.



Phase II Estimated Budget:

- \$25 million per year.
- In addition to DEP and FWC operating costs.



FCR3 PHASE DETAIL

ESTIMATED BUDGETS

Phase I (FY 2023-26):

- In-State Facilities Expansion.
- Strategy Development.
- Science, Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan.
- Restoration Site Selection.
- Reinforce Existing Restoration Efforts.
- Workforce Development.

Phase II (FY 2027-35):

- Construction of New and Maintenance of Existing Facilities.
- Refine Training Curriculum.
- Maximizing Efficiency.
- Workforce and Volunteer Optimization.

Phase III (FY 2036-50):

- Sustaining Facilities and Operations.
- Expansion and Monitoring.
- Maximizing Peoplepower.



Phase I Estimated Budget:

- \$9.5 million per year.
- In addition to DEP and FWC operating costs.



Phase II Estimated Budget:

- \$25 million per year.
- In addition to DEP and FWC operating costs.



Phase III Estimated Budget:

- \$15 million per year.
- In addition to DEP and FWC operating costs.



FCR3 PHASE DETAIL

ESTIMATED BUDGETS

Phase I (FY 2023-26):

- In-State Facilities Expansion
- Strategy Development
- Science, Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan
- Restoration Site Selection
- Reinforce Existing Restoration Efforts
- Workforce Development



Phase I Estimated Budget

- \$9.5 million per year.
- In addition to DEP and FWC operating costs.

Phase II (FY 2027-35):

- Construction of New and Maintenance of Existing Facilities
- Refine Training Curriculum
- Maximizing Efficiency
- Workforce and Volunteer Optimization



Phase II Estimated Budget

- \$25 million per year.
- In addition to DEP and FWC operating costs.

Phase III (FY 2036-50):

- Sustaining Facilities and Operations
- Expansion and Monitoring
- Maximizing Peoplepower



Phase III Estimated Budget

- \$15 million per year.
- In addition to DEP and FWC operating costs.



FCR3 PHASE DETAIL

Phase I (FY 2023-26):

- In-State Facilities Expansion.
- Strategy Development.
- Science, Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan.
- Restoration Site Selection.
- Reinforce Existing Restoration Efforts.
- Workforce Development.



Source: Association of Zoos and Aquariums

SOME OF THE PHOTOGRAPHS AND VIDEOS PROVIDED AS PART OF THIS PACKAGE WERE CREATED IN MARCH 2020 PRIOR TO CURRENT ACCEPTED COVID-19 PHYSICAL DISTANCING AND MASK ETIQUETTE PRACTICES.



Objective: An initial expansion of in-state facilities to hold and propagate Florida's Stony Coral Tissue Loss Disease Rescue Corals and enhance existing propagation capacity.



Funding: FCR3 Grants supplemented with Coral Resilience funding for efficiency research.



Where we stand:

- Actively funding the expansion of Florida facilities.
- Actively planning for future expansions.
- Engaging in workforce development and training.



FCR3 PHASE DETAIL

Phase I (FY 2023-26):

- In-State Facilities Expansion.
- **Strategy Development.**
- Science, Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan.
- Restoration Site Selection.
- Reinforce Existing Restoration Efforts.
- Workforce Development.



Source: FWC



Objective: Support the initial architecture for the implementation and evolution of the FCR3 initiative and identify and assess the regulatory and logistical hurdles.



Funding: Written internally by Coral Protection and Restoration Program (CPR) and FWC.



Where we stand:

- Strategy being developed as we speak!
- Strategy to be completed by June 2026.



FCR3 PHASE DETAIL

Phase I (FY 2023-26):

- In-State Facilities Expansion.
- Strategy Development.
- **Science, Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan.**
- Restoration Site Selection.
- Reinforce Existing Restoration Efforts.
- Workforce Development.



Objective: Develop tools, address research questions and implement monitoring and adaptive management actions necessary to effectively carry out the objectives of FCR3.

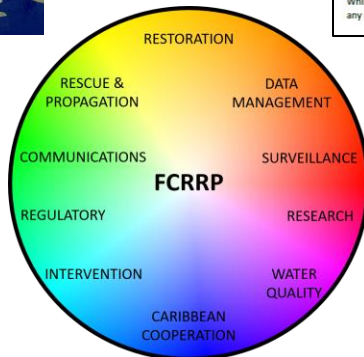


Funding: Proposed to be written internally by CPR and FWC.



Where we stand:

- Scientific Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan drafted by December 2025.
- To be finalized by June 2026.



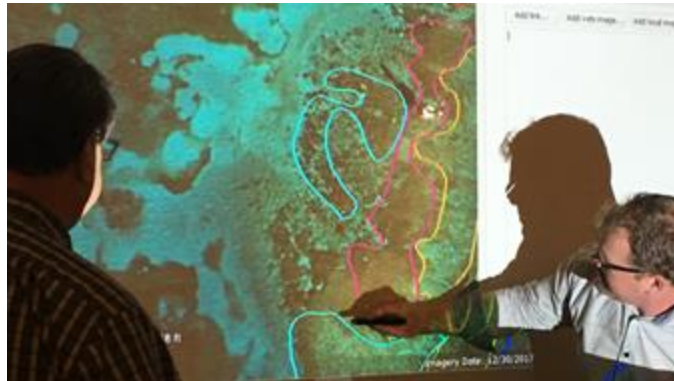


FCR3 PHASE DETAIL

Phase I (FY 2023-26):

- In-State Facilities Expansion.
- Strategy Development.
- Science, Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan.
- **Restoration Site Selection.**
- Reinforce Existing Restoration Efforts.
- Workforce Development.

Ecological Restoration of Florida's Coral Reef:
Tier 1 Strategy



Objective: Finalize site selection and initiate development of detailed plans and specifications for the restoration of five-10 priority reefs (no less than one per county) in the mold of "Mission: Iconic Reefs" projects taking place within the FKNMS.



Funding: DEP CPR (non-FCR3) funding, may require additional for contract support for detailed site plans.



Where we stand:

- Site options being identified and collated.
- Site selection to be finalized by December 2025.
- Initiate detailed planning for at least 2 sites by January 2026.



FCR3 PHASE DETAIL

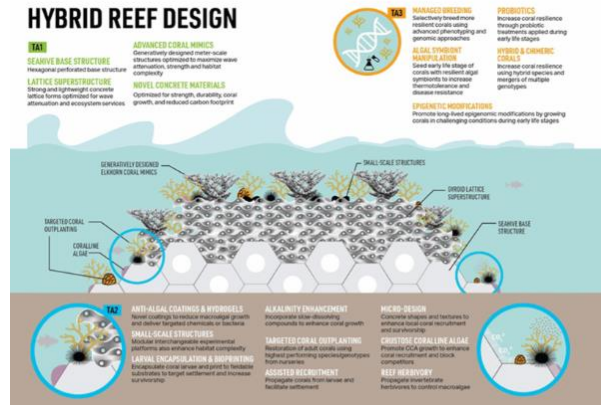
Phase I (FY 2023-26):

- In-State Facilities Expansion.
- Strategy Development.
- Science, Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan.
- Restoration Site Selection.
- **Reinforce Existing Restoration Efforts.**
- Workforce Development.

NOAA's Mission Iconic Reefs (M:IR)



DARPA's Piloting Hybrid Reefs



Objective: Support ongoing restoration efforts on FCR.



Funding Options:

- CPR and FWC staff time.
- FCR3, Coral Resilience and Waste funding.
- NOAA and National Fish & Wildlife Foundation (NFWF) grants.
- Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) funding and state match proposed for hybrid reefs.



Where we stand:

- Continue technical and funding support to existing restoration efforts.
- Complete Silver Jackets Hybrid Reef Guidance Document.
- Secure Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency (DARPA)/FEMA project funding and implement at least two hybrid reef pilot projects.



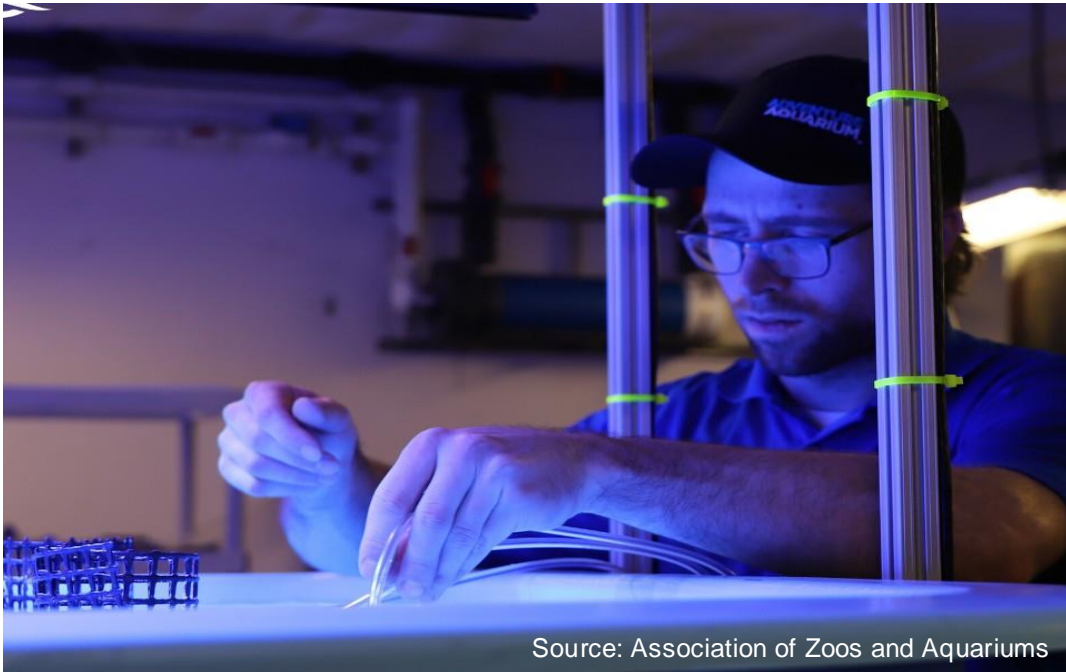
SILVER JACKETS
Many Partners, One Team



FCR3 PHASE DETAIL

Phase I (FY 2023-26):

- In-State Facilities Expansion.
- Strategy Development.
- Science, Monitoring and Adaptive Management Plan.
- Restoration Site Selection.
- Reinforce Existing Restoration Efforts.
- **Workforce Development.**



Source: Association of Zoos and Aquariums



Objective: Develop and implement a training curriculum including hands-on experience at in-state facilities to establish a skilled workforce to enable the continued scaling up of the “reef restoration economy.”



Funding: Supported by FCR3 grant; searching for additional support.



Where we stand:

- Land-based Aquarist Training finalized.
- Land-based Propagation Training in development (June 2026).
- First aquarist cohort completed training!
- **Goal:** Training to be implemented for an additional 30 attendees annually (depending on funding and capacity).



FCR3 GRANT: FY 2023-24

Partners	Project Name	Funding Amount
The Florida Aquarium	Expanding land-based propagation infrastructure and capacity including the rearing of species most impacted by Stony Coral Tissue Loss Disease.	\$2,150,000
Nova Southeastern University	Expanding land-based and in-water coral nursery operations for stony coral propagation and gene-banking including practitioner training.	\$2,150,000
Mote Marine Laboratory & Aquarium	Building capacity for rescue corals, establishing infrastructure for target species and expanding capacity within Mote's International Coral Gene Bank.	\$2,000,000
Healthy Aquatics Marine Institute of Florida, Inc. (The Reef Institute)	Expanding intensive land-based coral nursery infrastructure.	\$2,000,000
University of Miami	Expanding land-based coral propagation facilities at the University of Miami Experimental Hatchery and Reef Restoration Lab.	\$700,000
The Phillip and Patricia Frost Museum of Science	Expansion of holding and grow-out facilities to care for threatened Pillar coral (<i>Dendrogyra cylindrus</i>).	\$500,000
Total:		\$9,500,000



FCR3 GRANT: FY 2024-25

New State appropriation for \$9.5 million

Funding for **academic and private partnerships** to implement the FCR3 Initiative:

- Establish, expand and maintain in-state coral propagation and grow-out facilities.
- Develop and implement strategies and site-specific restoration plans including curriculum for a trained workforce.
- Reinforce and expand restoration efforts across FCR.

Request for proposals closed: More than \$20 million in funding requests!





BISCAYNE BAY WATER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT GRANT SINCE 2019

105

Community
projects totaling
\$128 million.

39K

lbs./yr of Total
Nitrogen
to be removed.

7.3K

lbs./yr of Total
Phosphorous
to be removed.

22 projects completed to date.





NUTRIENT REDUCTION SUCCESSES

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY

SmartCover Wastewater Management

234

Units Completed

*As of Oct. 2024

390

Sanitary Sewer
Overflows Prevented

*from Jan. 2023-Oct. 2024



Septic to Sewer Conversions

580-800

Total properties planned for conversion.

881.34

estimated pounds per year of
Nitrogen currently reduced.

97.15

estimated pounds per year of
Phosphorus currently reduced.





CURRENT SUCCESSES AND PROGRESS

MIAMI WATERKEEPER

Water Quality Monitoring

22 Sites

Sampled weekly
across Biscayne Bay



Pollution Response

240

Pollution reports
received since 2022.

80

Opportunistic
samples collected.

Fecal Matter Bacteria Monitoring

716

Samples collected and analyzed.



BISCAYNE BAY WATER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT GRANT: FY 2023-24 SUBMISSIONS

\$20 million grant funds

16

projects submitted
totaling **\$32,501,002.**

**Proposed Total
Nutrients Removed:**

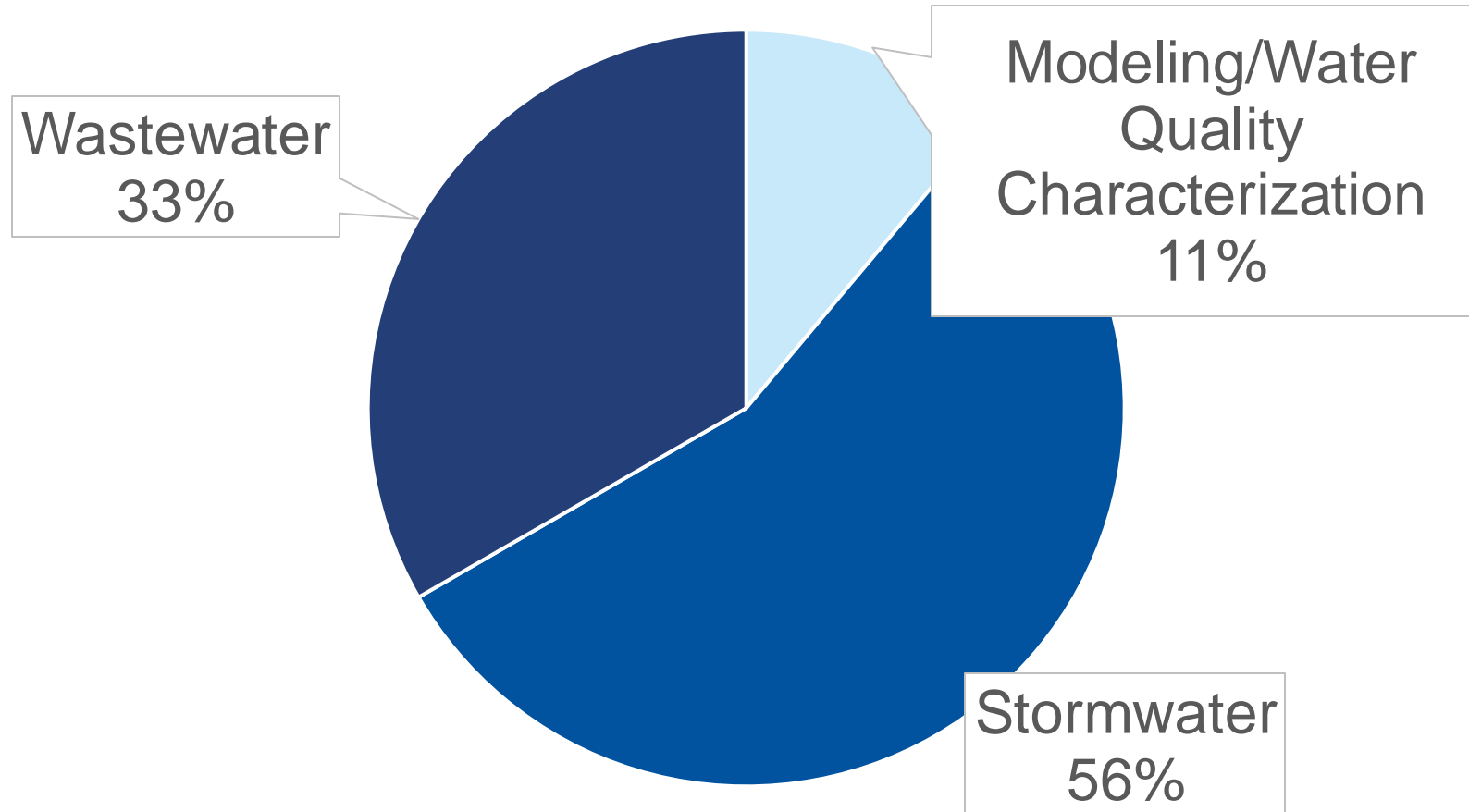
4,061 pounds of total
nitrogen eliminated annually.

700 pounds of total
phosphorous eliminated
Annually.





BISCAYNE BAY WATER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT GRANT: FY 2023-24





BISCAYNE BAY WATER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT GRANT: FY 2023-24

Project Number	Partner	Project Name	DEP FY 2023-24 Funding Award
1	Miami-Dade County – RER & WASD	Phase 4: Biscayne Bay Water Quality Characterization and Pollution Reduction	\$6,700,000
2	Miami-Dade County – WASD	Tropical Heights Connect 2 Protect Sewer Extension Project	\$3,300,000
3	Bal Harbour Village	Pumping Resilience in Bal Harbour Village's Stormwater Management Project	\$3,500,000
4	Town of Cutler Bay	The Cutler Bay Bel Aire Water Quality Improvement Project	\$2,000,000
5	North Bay Village	Harbor Island Outfall Improvement Project	\$2,000,000
6	Indian Creek Village	Indian Creek Village Septic to Sewer Conversion Project	\$2,000,000
7	Miami River Fund, LLC	Stormwater Management of Miami River Basin Project	\$500,000
Total:			\$20,000,000

Protecting Florida Together:
<https://ProtectingFloridaTogether.gov/state-action/grants-submissions>

THANK YOU



Mollie Cordo

Office of Coastal Resilience and Protection
Southeast Regional Administrator

Maurizio Martinelli

Office of Coastal Resilience and Protection
CPR Administrator



Contact Information:

Mollie Cordo

786-385-3054

Mollie.Cordo@FloridaDEP.gov

Contact Information:

Maurizio Martinelli

786-798-4516

Maurizio.M.Martinelli@FloridaDEP.gov