SOUTH FLORIDA REGIONAL PLANNING COUNCIL

GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT THEREON
(With Supplemental Information),
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE
AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL BASED ON AN AUDIT
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS, OMB CIRCULAR A-133
AND RULES OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA,
AUDITOR GENERAL
FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

WATSON RICE LLP
Certified Public Accountants
And
Consultants

Table of Contents

	Page <u>Number</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-8
General Purpose Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet/Statement of Assets	9
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances/Statement of Activities	10
Required Supplementary Information – Budgetary Comparison Schedule	11
Notes to Financial Statements	12-20
Supplemental Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance by Project	· ·
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2004	21-30
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and on Internal Control Based on an Audit Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards	31-32
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and Internal Control Over Compliance Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Major State Financial Assistance Project	33-34
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Projects	35-36
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	37-41
Independent Auditors' Management Letter As Required By The Rules of the State of Florida, Auditor General	42-46
THE THE PART AND A STANDING A ANDREWAY WASHINGTON	120-10



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Council Members of South Florida Regional Planning Council Hollywood, Florida

We have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the South Florida Regional Planning Council, (the "Council") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2004. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Council's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these general purpose financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall general purpose financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Council implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board statements for the fiscal year 2003-2004: Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions; Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments; Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 21 and 24; and GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statements Note Disclosures. As required by Statement No. 34 the Council presents both the government-wide financial statements and fund-level financial statements.

In our opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Council as of September 30, 2004, and the results of its operations for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 11, 2005 on our consideration of the Council's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

The management discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Council but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Projects is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements of the Council. Also, the Supplemental Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance by Project is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the general purpose financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the general purpose financial statements taken as a whole.

Hollywood, Florida February 11, 2005 Worten Sic LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Council's financial statement presents management's analysis of the Council's financial performance during the fiscal year ended on September 30, 2004. It is presented to enhance the usefulness of the Council's basic financial statements. Please read this narrative in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses of about \$4.098 million; and,
- Increase in total net assets by about \$4.3 million.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This is the first year that the report has been prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, 'Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments'. The Statement requires that the basic financial statements include: 1) government-wide statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. Other supplementary information is also included in the report.

The Council also implemented the following GASB statements for fiscal year 2003-2004: Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions; Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 21 and 24; and Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statements Note Disclosures.

The management's discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Council's financial statements. The Council's financial statements contain two parts: the government-wide and the fund financial statements; and the notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information in addition to the financial statements themselves.

Required Basic Financial Statements

The Council utilizes a governmental fund for its financial reporting purposes. As the Council only presents financial information using a governmental fund, the Council has elected to present its government-wide statements and fund statements in one set of statements with an adjusting column reconciling the two different sets of statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities which provide information about the activities of the Council as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Council's finances.

These two statements report the net assets of the Council and changes in them. You can think of the Council's net assets—the difference between assets and liabilities—as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Council is improving or deteriorating. However, to assess the overall financial position of the Council, you will need to consider other non-financial factors, such as the condition of the Council's capital assets, the addition or termination of grants and other revenue sources, and the expansion or contraction of programs and services.

The Council reports this information using the accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about its activities. The statement of net assets includes all of the Council's assets and liabilities and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to Council creditors (liabilities).

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities. This statement presents information showing how the Council's net assets changed during each fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected contract and grant revenues, and earned, but unused vacation leave).

Both the statement of net assets and the statement of activities of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Council that are principally supported by federal, state and local grants and membership assessments. The Council's activities include administration function and long-range regional planning goals, and various revolving loan programs services function. The long-range regional planning goals function is comprised of a wide array of services including strategic and comprehensive plan development, development of regional impact review and providing technical assistance and expertise in a number of fields including transportation, economic development, geographic information services, affordable housing, emergency preparedness, land use, and natural resources planning. All activities of the Council are considered to be governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements tell how the Council's services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Council's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing

information at the individual fund level. The Council utilizes two funds to account for its activities, the general and revolving loan funds. The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Special Revenue Fund is used to account for revenues derived from specific sources, which are usually required by law or regulation to be accounted for in separate funds. As of September 30, 2004, the Revolving Loan Fund (RLF) is included in this fund type. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Council's operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Council's operations. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation as discussed above.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the information provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Financial Analysis

Government-Wide Analysis

Our analysis of the Financial Statements of the Council begins below. The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities report information about the Council's activities that will help answer questions about the financial health or the position of the Council. This is the first year that the Council is presenting government-wide statements, therefore no comparison to the prior year is being shown below.

Net Assets

A summary of the Council's statement of net assets is presented in Table A-1.

Table A-1

Condensed statement of net assets (in thousands of dollars)

ASSETS		-
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	104
Investments		482
Receivables:		
Contract and grant receivables		1,085
Others		1,
Deposits and other assets		. 8
Due from revolving loan fund		64
Restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	•	3,608
Loans receivable, net		5,632
Interest receivable on loans		46
Property and equipment - net		362
Total Assets	· .	11,392
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS Liabilities Accounts payable and other		
Accounts payable and other		
accrued expenses		73
Payable to pension plan		11
Accrued salaries		55
Compensated absences	•	118
Due to general fund		64
Deferred revenue	• . •	1,257
Total Liabilities		1,578
Net Assets		
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt		362
Restricted		8,644
Unrestricted		808
Fotal Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	9,814

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Council's financial position. As of September 30, 2004, the Council's total assets exceeded its total liabilities by \$9.8 million, an increase of \$4.3 million from the prior year. Restricted net assets increased by \$4.3 million or 100% when compared to 2003 figure of about \$4.3 million. The significant increase was due to the transfer of the administration of EDA Revolving Loan Fund from a nonprofit corporation to the Council. The outstanding balance of loans receivable and funds available to the program amounted to \$1.6 million and \$2 million, respectively, were transferred to the Council on May 1, 2004. Also in 2004, about \$0.7 million loan was extended by the Council to a limited partnership under the Department of Environmental Protection Agency revolving loan fund program.

Unrestricted net assets remained at the same level in 2004 with an amount of about \$1.1 million. The Council used about \$420 thousand in 2004 as "matching funds" from its unrestricted net assets to cover expenditures incurred in development and review of

programs it administered. Among these programs is the DCA program. The Council's 2004 revenues were almost enough to cover the expenses for various programs where the Council was putting up its funds.

Table A-2 illustrates the revenues and expenses that caused the change in the Council's total net assets.

Table A-2

Condensed statement of activities (in thousands of dollars)

·	•
Revenues	
Membership assessments	\$ 734
Federal, state and local grants	7,286
D.R.I. fees	155
Interest	. 8
Other income	95
Total revenues	8,278
Expenditures	
Current:	
Comprehensive planning:	
Personnel services	1,914
Operating expenses	2,206
Depreciation and amortization	60
Total expenditures	4,180
-	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	4,098
Other financing sources (uses):	
Operating transfers in	674
Operating transfers out	(674)
Excess of revenues and other financing sources	· ,
over expenditures and other financing uses	4,098
Pour d'Andreau de la constant de la	,,
Fund balances/net assets at beginning of year	5,716
Fund balance/net assets at end of year	\$ 9,814

The Council's total revenues increased by about \$5.6 million or 214.67%, from about \$2.6 million in 2003 to \$8.3 million in 2004. This was mainly due the loans receivable and available funds transferred from a nonprofit corporation as previously discussed. Also, this was due to various programs that spent more money in 2004 when compared to 2003. Most of the spending was for the outside consulting fees which amounted to about \$1.2 million that comprised the bulk of the increase in the total expenditures in 2004. The Council's total expenditures increased by about \$1.1 million or 37.91%. In addition to the consulting fees, the Council's personnel services increased by about \$39 thousand or 02.08% due to raises and new hires. These factors resulted to the Council's excess of

revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses of about \$4.098 million at September 30, 2004.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

At the end of the year, the Council had about \$362 thousand in fixed assets net of accumulated depreciation of about \$60 thousand.

There was no major addition in 2004 to the Council's capital assets.

The Council does not have any long-term debt related to its capital assets and does not like to incur any as a matter of policy.

Individual Fund Analysis

Since the Council only has governmental funds/activities, the explanations provided above for the Statement of Activities regarding changes in net assets also substantially explain the change in fund balance as a result of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, net of adjustments which are applicable only to the Statement of Activities' presentation.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the fiscal year, budgets were approved at the Council meetings on September 8, 2003, amended on June 7, 2004 and September 13, 2004. The amendments effectively approves any expenditure that had already been incurred that exceeded its original budgeted amount. The primary reasons for amending the original budget are to account for unanticipated changes and pass through grants in both revenues and expenditures and to prevent compliance violations under the grants.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The Council's grants and contracts are contingent upon its renewal and its ability to obtain new grants and therefore, its revenues may vary from year to year. In setting its budget for fiscal year 2005, various factors such as, delivering at least the same level of expertise in 2004 and adding significant programs were being considered.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Council's finances for all those with interest in its financial position. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Executive Director, 3440 Hollywood Boulevard, Suite 140, Hollywood, Florida 33021.

SOUTH FLORIDA REGIONAL PLANNING COUNCIL BALANCE SHEETS/STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

		Majo	r F	unds				
		General		Revolving	-			Statement of
	_	Fund		Loan Fund		Total	Adjustments	Net Assets
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	103,794	ድ		\$	103,794	¢	. 100 501
Investments	•	482,235		, -	Φ	482,235		\$ 103,794
Receivables:		102,233		_		402,233	-	482,235
Contract and grant receivables		1,085,185		_		1,085,185		1 005 105
Others		181				1,005,185		1,085,185
Deposits and other assets		8,019		_		8,019		181
Due from revolving loan fund		63,888		-				8,019
Restricted assets:		05,000				63,888	-	63,888
Cash and cash equivalents		578,442		3,030,018		3,608,460	•	2 (00 4(0
Loans receivable, net		370,772		5,632,087				3,608,460
Interest receivable on loans		_		45,750		5,632,087		5,632,087
Property and equipment - net		_		45,730		45,750		45,750
Total Assets	\$	2,321,744	<u> </u>	8,707,855	•	11,029,599	362,381	362,381
	<u> </u>	<u>D,521,744</u>	<u> </u>	0.707,033	<u> </u>	11,029,399	362,381_	11,391,980
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES/NET ASSETS	3							
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and other								
accrued expenses	\$	72,626	¢		S	72,626		70.606
Payable to pension plan	•	10,638	Ψ	_		10,638	-	72,626
Accrued salaries		55,292		• •		and the second second	-	10,638
Compensated absences				-		55,292	117.057	55,292
Due to general fund				63,888		£2 000	117,957	117,957
Deferred revenue		1,256,888		03,000		63,888	-	63,888
Total Liabilities		1,395,444		63,888	<u> </u>	1,256,888	(117.057)	1,256,888
		1, <u>575,444</u>		03,000		1,459,332	(117,957)	1,577,289
Fund Balances								•
Reserved for revolving loan program				8,643,967		8,643,967	(8,643,967)	
Unreserved		926,300		-		926,300	(8,045,307)	<u>-</u>
Total Fund Balances	\$:	2,321,744	\$	8,707,855		9,570,267		=
	<u>~</u>	7,021,777	Ψ	0,707,833		9,3/0,20/	(9,570,267)	-
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances					Φ.	11.000.500		•
- The Land Dalances					<u> </u>	11,029,599		
Net Assets								
•								•
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt							362,381	362,381
Restricted							8,643,967	8,643,967
Unrestricted							808,343	808,343
Total Net Assets							<u>\$ 9,814,691 </u>	9,814,691

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

SOUTH FLORIDA REGIONAL PLANNING COUNCIL STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

	Major	Funds			
	General	Revolving			Statement
	Fund	Loan Fund	Total	Adjustments	of Activities
			•		
Revenues					
Membership assessments	\$ 734,417	\$ -	\$ 734,417	\$ -	\$ 734,417
Federal, state and local grants	2,546,246	4,739,495	7,285,741		7,285,741
D.R.I. fees	155,226		155,226	-	155,226
Interest	7,508	825	8,333	-	8,333
Other income	35,056	60,109	95,165		95,165
Total revenues	3,478,453	4,800,429	8,278,882		8,278,882
					,
Expenditures				•	
Current:				•	
Comprehensive planning:					
Personnel services	1,631,649	282,677	1,914,326	-	1,914,326
Operating expenses	1,964,310	241,901	2,206,211	-	2,206,211
Depreciation and amortization	-	-	- '	60,326	60,326
Capital expenditures	39,267		39,267	(39,267)	
Total expenditures	3,635,226	524,578	4,159,804	21,059	4,180,863
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(156,773)	4,275,851	4,119,078	•	4,098,019
Other financing sources (uses):					•
Operating transfers in	629,978	44,171	674,149	-	674,149
Operating transfers out	(674,149)		(674,149)	<u></u>	674,149
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing		•			
sources over expenditures and other financing uses	(200,944)	4,320,022	4,119,078	-	4,098,019
Fund balance/net assets at beginning of year	1,127,244	4,323,945	5,451,189	265,483_	5,716,672
Fund balance/net assets at end of year	\$ 926,300	\$ 8,643,967	\$ 9,570,267	<u>\$ 244,424</u>	<u>\$ 9.814,691</u>

SOUTH FLORIDA REGIONAL PLANNING COUNCIL REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

		General Fund		Revol	Revolving Loan Fund	
	Original	Final	Actual	Original	Final	Actual
Revenues						
Membership assessments	\$ 734,417	\$ 734,417.\$	734,417	6 7.	•	
Federal, state and local grants	2,103,217	4,252,961		870.000	595.118	4 739 495
D.R.I. Fees	200,000	200,000	155,226	•		7/16/2/65
Interest	13,000	13,000	7,508		,	828
Other Income	15,000	1	35,056			60 100
Total revenues	3,065,634	5,200,378	3,478,453	870,000	595,118	4,800,429
Expenditures						
Current:						
Commencia alamina					٠	
Courp chensive pranning:						
Personnel services	2,021,627	1,946,882	1,631,649	205,817	205,817	282.677
Operating expenses	1,183,986	3,118,593	1,964,310	444:204	444,204	241 901
Capital expenditures	80,000	80,000	39,267	•		100611
Total expenditures	3,285,613	5,145,475	3,635,226	650,021	650,021	524,578
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(219,979)	54,903	(156,773)	219,979	(54,903)	4,275,851
Other infancing sources (uses): Operating transfers in	•		620 029			
Operating transfers out			(674,140)	•	ı	44,171
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing			77			
sources over expenditures and other financing uses	(219,979)	54,903	(200,944)	219,979	(54,903)	4.320.022
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,127,244	1,127,244	1,127,244	4,323,945	4,323,945	4,323,945
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 907,265	\$ 1,182,147 \$	926.300	4 543 924 \$	4 269 042	2 8 643 057

The accompanying notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY

South Florida Regional Planning Council (the "Council") is a regional governmental planning and coordinating agency formed in September 1969, in accordance with Chapter 186 of the Florida Statutes to provide comprehensive planning services in such areas as housing, recreation, water management, transportation and other matters having direct regional impact. The membership of the Council presently consists of Broward, Miami-Dade and Monroe counties.

The Council maintains separate management control and accountability. The governing board of the Council is composed of elected officials from the member counties, elected officials from city governments in the geographic area covered by the Council, and gubernatorial appointees from the geographic area covered by the Council.

The Council's general purpose financial statements include the accounts of all Council operations. The criteria for including organizations within the Council's reporting entity, as set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Opinion No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", is financial accountability. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

A primary government is financially accountable for the organizations that make up its legal entity. It is also financially accountable for legally separate organizations if its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable for governmental organizations that are fiscally dependent on it. As a result of applying the reporting entity criteria contained in GASB No. 14, no component units exist which would require inclusion in the Council's financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Council conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Following is a summary of the Council's significant accounting policies:

Financial Statement Presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in conformity with reporting guidelines established by GASB and were prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. As a result of adopting GASB 34, the following types of financial statements are reported by the Council:

Fund Financial Statements - -Separate financial statements are provided for the Council's Governmental Funds, as described below:

Governmental Fund Type – is used to account for all operations of the Council. The measurement focus of this fund type is based upon determination of changes in financial position or the financial flow measurement focus, rather than upon net income determination. Only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on its balance sheet. The operating statement presents sources (revenues and other financial sources) and uses (expenditures and other financial uses) of available spendable resources during the period. The following comprise the Council's major governmental funds:

- a.) General Fund used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b.) Special Revenue Fund are used to account for revenues derived from specific sources, which are usually required by law or regulation to be accounted for in separate funds. As of September 30, 2004, the Revolving Loan Fund (RLF) is included in this fund type. RLF is used to account for revolving loan funds from the Department of Commerce through the Economic Development Administration (EDA) and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The EDA RLF is used to provide loans to small and medium size businesses located within Miami-Dade, Broward and Monroe Counties who cannot obtain conventional financing. The EPA RLF is used to fund loans on qualified, suitable market-ready sites to appropriate developers and buyers (for-profit and non-profit developers or local governments). The loan fund will assist in the remediation activities required for site cleanup that will allow redevelopment projects to go forward. The primary target areas for loans are the eastern portion of Miami-Dade, Broward and Palm Beach Counties.

Government-wide Statements – The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets (statement of activities)) report information on all of the activities of the Council. Governments typically report activities as either governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues or business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The Council reports only governmental activities as it has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Since the Council's primary function (mission) is comprehensive planning, all revenues and expenses are considered to be for this purpose and the accompanying financial statements do not segregate beyond this function.

The Council has only governmental activities and only one function. As such, the government-wide financial statements are presented together with the governmental fund financial statements, with an adjustment column presented to reconcile the two sets of statements.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

New Financial Standards Adopted:

In fiscal year 2004, the Council implemented a new financial reporting model as required by the GASB statements:

- Statement No. 33, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions;
- Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments;
- Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 21 and 34;
- Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statements Note Disclosures.

Statement No. 34 (as amended by Statement No. 37) requires the presentation of government – wide financial statements, as well as a Management's Discussion and Analysis with an analytical overview of the Council's financial activities.

Implementation of Statement No. 38 resulted in certain note disclosures being added or amended, including descriptions of activities of major funds.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements — The Council uses the modified accrual basis of accounting under which revenues are recorded when measurable and available to finance operations during the current period. Revenues of the Council are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned. Expenditures are recorded when obligations are incurred, except for expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recorded only when payment is due.

Government-wide Financial Statements – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Intergovernmental and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

New Financial Standard Not Yet Adopted

GASB Statement No. 40, Deposit and Risk Disclosures has been issued. The Council has not elected early implementation of GASB No. 40 and, therefore, has not determined the financial statement impact of this new pronouncement.

Cost Allocation

Expenses incurred in relation to specific grants or contracts are charged directly to grants or contracts. All other expenses are charged to general fund and allocated to active grants or contracts on the basis of direct salary charges to total direct salaries, plus allocated fringe benefits. This policy is consistent with the principles of Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") Circular A-87.

Budget Policy

Prior to October 1 of each year, the budget is legally adopted by the Council's Executive Committee. The budget is prepared based on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the same basis of accounting used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures recognized on accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Council does not adopt individual budgets for each fund type. All budget amounts presented in the Combined Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual, have been adjusted for budget revisions approved by the Council's Executive Committee. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and Cash Equivalents include amounts in demand deposit accounts and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value.

Contract and other receivables

Contract and other receivables are stated at gross value. In management's opinion all receivables are collectible as of year-end.

Lóans Receivable/Allowance for loan losses

Loans are stated at the amount of unpaid principal, reduced by an allowance for loan losses. The allowance for loan losses is established through a provision for loan losses charged as an expenditure.

Restricted Assets

The use of certain assets is restricted to finance business development activities with local economic development strategies and for revolving loan fund activities. Assets so designed are identified as restricted assets on the balance sheet.

Fixed Assets

Fixed assets, which include office furniture and equipment and leasehold improvements, are recorded as capital outlay expenditures in the General Fund at the time goods are received and a

liability is incurred. These assets are then capitalized at cost in the statement of net assets. Fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over two to ten years for furniture and equipment, and the remaining lease period for leasehold improvements. The depreciation expense is recorded in the statement of activities.

Reserves for the Revolving Loan Program

Reserves for the Revolving Loan Program is defined as total restricted assets intended to be used for providing loans to finance business development activities consistent with local economic strategies for the Special Economic Development and Assistance Program Long-Term Economic Deterioration Revolving Loan Fund, and Clean Cities programs.

Compensated Absences

The Council's policy is to permit regular employees to accumulate earned and unused vacation pay benefits up to 160 hours of vacation time. The liability for accumulated vacation hours is reflected in the statement of net assets.

Due To and From Other Funds

Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed.

Deferred Revenues

Deferred revenues are payments received from grantor agencies before the related costs are incurred.

Risk Management

It is the policy of the Council to purchase insurance for the risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Council obtained workers' compensation, property, general liability and automobile insurance coverages through the Florida Municipal Insurance Trust Fund of the Florida League of Cities, Inc. The Council obtained from third party insurers employee group life and disability insurance.

Encumbrances

The Council does not utilize encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the amounts of revenues and

expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

The Council is exempt from federal and state income taxes; accordingly, no provision for income taxes is included in the financial statements.

Change in Classification

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2003 fund presentation to more fairly reflect accounting principles generally accepted for governmental units.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2004 the Council's deposits and investments consisted of the following:

Cash and cash equivalents - Unrestricted	
Demand deposits, money market and petty cash	\$ 103,794
Pooled investment fund - Florida State Board of Administration	\$ 482,235
Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted	
Special Economic Development and Assistance (EDA) Programs	
Long-Term Economic Deterioration Revolving Loan Fund (RLF) I	\$793,888
Special EDA Programs Long Term Economic Deterioration RLF II	678,777
Special EDA Programs Long-Term Economic Deterioration	·
RLF (Rescue)	1,477,145
Clean Cities Grants	22,507
Emergency Bridge Loan Proceeds	46,935
Brownfields Revolving Loan Fund	80,208
Watershed Grants	509,000
Total restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$3,608,460

The carrying value of the above deposits and investments equals fair value.

Cash and cash equivalents are deposited in state approved funds. The Council invests excess funds with the Local Government Surplus Funds Investment Pool Trust Fund which is administered by the Florida State Board of Administration, under the regulatory oversight of the State of Florida and is available only to Florida county and local governments pursuant to Florida Statutes 218. The investments are valued using the pooled share price. Investments held in the pooled fund are held in the name of the State of Florida Board of Administration and are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

In addition to insurance provided by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"), all demand deposits are held in banking institutions which participate in the state approved multiple financial institution collateral pool, as defined by GASB Statement No.3.

The Special Economic Development and Assistance Programs Long-Term Economic Deterioration Revolving Loan Funds, Clean Cities and Emergency Bridge Loan restricted cash represents funds available to be loaned to finance business development activities consistent with local economic development strategies.

Brownfields Revolving Loan Fund restricted cash represents funds available to be loaned to assist in remediation activities required for site cleanup.

NOTE 4 - LOANS RECEIVABLE/ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

In August 2000, the U.S. Department of Commerce, through the EDA, transferred the administration of Special Economic Development and Assistance Programs Long-Term Economic Deterioration RLF I to the Council from a local nonprofit organization. The outstanding balance of loans receivable and funds available to the program amounted to \$2,745,569 and \$1,723,623, respectively, were likewise transferred to the Council.

From the date of the transfer through September 30, 2004, the Council has disbursed additional loans of \$3.2 million, fully collected loans with total principal amount of \$2.2 million and expended \$880 thousand for administrative costs related to the management of the revolving loan fund.

On February 23, 2004, the U.S. Department of Commerce, through the EDA, signed an Offer to Amend Grant Agreement to transfer the administration of Special EDA Assistance Program Long-Term Economic Deterioration RLF II and Rescue to the Council from a nonprofit corporation. The outstanding balance of loans receivable and funds available to the program amounted to \$1,571,858 and \$2,001,905, respectively, were transferred to the Council on May 1, 2004.

As of September 30, 2003, two loan accounts with a combined outstanding balance of \$114,255 were in default and the Council filed legal action against the borrowers. In January 2004, the Council received for each loan account, a final default judgment which provides the Council the right to collect the outstanding balances, including damages and attorneys' fees. In one of the accounts, the Council lost its claim over the collateral held on the loan since the collateral was a second mortgage on the property, and another lending institution which had the first mortgage foreclosed on the property. Although the outcome of the execution of the final default judgment has not been determined as of this date, management believes that the outstanding balance of the loans are doubtful as to collection. Thus, an allowance for probable losses equal to the total outstanding balance of \$114,255 was recognized in the books of the Council as of September 30, 2003. In 2004, the amount of \$49,188 was written-off from the Council's books.

NOTE 5 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The following is the summary of changes in property and equipment for the year ended September 30, 2004:

Description	Balance September 30, 2003	Additions	Reti	rement	Balance September 30, 2004
Office furniture and equipment	\$ 302,598	\$ -	\$	_	\$ 302,598
Leasehold improvements	80,842	39,267		-	120,109
Less accumulated depreciation	383,440	39,267		-	422,707
and amortization		(60,326)		-	(60,326)
	\$ 383,440	\$ (21,059)	\$		\$ 362,381

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Council has a qualified defined contribution single employer pension plan (the "Plan") covering substantially all full time employees, which were employed by the Council prior to May 1986. The plan provides for annual contributions by the Council of at least 10% of the base compensation of each qualified employee. The Plan expense for the year ended September 30, 2004 was \$16,556. At September 30, 2004, the Council's total payroll for eligible employees covered by the Plan was approximately \$169,872.

The Council also participates in the Florida Retirement System (the "System"), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public retirement system ("PERS"). The System was created in 1970 by consolidating several employee retirement systems. Benefits under the plan vest after ten years of service. Employees who retire at or after age 62 with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. The System also provides for death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by State Statutes. All eligible employees, as defined by the State, who were hired after May 1, 1986 are covered by the System.

The System is noncontributory and is totally administered by the State of Florida. The payroll for Council employees covered by the System for the year ended September 30, 2004 was approximately \$1,348,531. The Council's total payroll for the year ended September 30, 2004, was approximately \$1,518,403. Participating employers are required by Statute, to pay monthly contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Under the System, the Council was required to contribute 7.39% as of July 1, 2003 of the gross salaries of employees to the plan. The Council's pension costs for the year ended September 30, 2004, as required and defined by the System, was approximately \$85,181. The Council's contribution represented approximately 6.32% of covered payroll for the year ended September 30, 2004.

The "pension benefit obligation" is a standardized disclosure measure of the present value of pension benefits, adjusted for the effects of projected salary increases and step-rate benefits, estimated to be payable in the future as a result of employee service to date. The measure, which is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits, is intended to help users assess the System's funding status on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due and make comparisons among PERS and employers. The System does not make separate measurements of assets and pension benefit obligations for individual employers.

Contributions of all participating agencies throughout the State of Florida are pooled to fund accrued benefits under the System. The pension benefit obligation at June 30, 2003 for the System as a whole, estimated through an update of an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2003, was approximately \$89.3 billion. The System's net assets available for plan benefits on that date were \$101.9 billion resulted in an overfunded pension obligation of \$12.6 billion. A portion of the surplus is being used as a contribution rate stabilization technique.

Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8% per year compounded annually; (b) projected salary increases of 6.25% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation; and (c) inflation rate at 3.5%. There were no significant changes made to benefit provisions since the last valuation.

Available ten year historical trend information showing the System's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is published in the State of Florida's Division of Retirement Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, Cedars Executive Center, 2639-C North Monroe Street, Tallahassee, FL 32399-1560, or by calling (850) 488-5706.

NOTE 7 - COMMITMENTS

The Council conducts its operations from leased premises. The lease, which expires June 30, 2008, calls for a minimum annual rental, increased annually by \$.50 per rentable square foot. Total rent expense for the year ended September 30, 2004 was \$270,249. Future annual rental payments, including common area maintenance and real estate taxes, required under the lease are as follows:

Year ending September 30,	Amount
2005	\$ 234,887
2006	239,658
2007	244,429
2008	249,200
Total	\$ 968,174

NOTE 8 - CONTINGENCIES

The Council participates in a number of Federal and State grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their respective representatives. The possible disallowance of any item charged to the program or request for the return of any unexpended funds cannot be determined at this time. No provision, for any liability that may result has been made in the financial statements.

			GENERAL		
	<u>DRI/I</u>	RPC	Brownfields Partnership	SWFRPC EPA	FHWA State Road 7
REVENUES: MEMBERSHIP ASSESSMENTS	\$	734,417	\$ -	\$	\$ -
FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS		23,136	403	-	412,032
D.R.I. FEES		155,226	-		
INTEREST		6,233	-	-	
OTHER INCOME / REQUIRED MATCH		8,532		7,500	-
TRANSFER (TO)/FROM GENERAL ACCOUNTS		(674,149)	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,512	
TOTAL REVENUES		253,395	403	9,012	412,032
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING: PERSONNEL SERVICES: SALARIES EMPLOYEE FRINGE BENEFITS INDIRECT COSTS TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES: OUTSIDE CONSULTING FEES SUPPLIES PRINTING & REPRODUCTION COMPUTER USAGE & EQUIPMENT LEASE TELEPHONE & POSTAGE TRAVEL PUBLICATIONS & ADVERTISING		132,465 33,690 50,800 216,955 65,059 785 2,815 - 145 3,195 2,783	1,677 411 639 2,727 (4,682) - - 1,308 62 90	3,746 1,249 1,528 6,523	69,355 17,344 26,519 113,218 258,875 - - 234 656 1,279
DUES, FEES & CONFERENCES INDIRECT COSTS LOAN WRITTEN OFF PROVISION FOR PROBABLE LOAN LOSSES MISCELLANEOUS TOTAL		680 71,450 - 60,859 207,771	898 - - - (2,324)	2,147	499 37,271 - - - 298,814
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES		39,267	-	-	. •
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		463,993	403	9,012	412,032
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	(210,598)	-	• -	-
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,121,268	_	_	- -
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	<u>s</u>	910,670	<u>s</u> -	s <u>-</u>	s -

SOUTH FLORIDA REGIONAL PLANNING COUNCIL

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BY PROJECT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

			GENEI	RAL FUND	
	DC/	Contracts	DCA HMEP	EDA Bridge Loan	Infrastructure Analysis WMD
REVENUES:					
MEMBERSHIP ASSESSMENTS	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS		183,967	21,131	(1,487)	122,221
D.R.I. FEES				-	-
INTEREST			-		
OTHER INCOME / REQUIRED MATCH		-	2,294	44	-
TRANSFER (TO)/FROM GENERAL ACCOUNTS	•	420,535	-	-	
TOTAL REVENUES		604,502	23,425	(1,443)	122,221
EXPENDITURES:					
CURRENT:					
COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING:			•		
PERSONNEL SERVICES;					•
SALARIES		267,931	5,795		54,751
EMPLOYEE FRINGE BENEFITS		70,086	1,419		15,208
INDIRECT COSTS		103,389	2,207		21,399
TOTAL		441,406	9,421		91,358
OPERATING EXPENSES:			-		
OUTSIDE CONSULTING FEES		2,500	10,405	78	-
SUPPLIES		313		-	15
PRINTING & REPRODUCTION		7,467		-	-
COMPUTER USAGE & EQUIPMENT LEASE		-	-	-	_
TELEPHONE & POSTAGE		221	31		-
TRAVEL		4,924	57		478
PUBLICATIONS & ADVERTISING		1,833	-	-	_
DUES, FEES & CONFERENCES		530	410		295
INDIRECT COSTS		145,308	3,101	-	30,075
LOAN WRITTEN OFF		-	-	-	-
PROVISION FOR PROBABLE LOAN LOSSES		-	-	-	-
MISCELLANEOUS		<u>-</u>	<u>.</u>	75	_ -
TOTAL		163,096	14,004	153	30,863
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES		, -	-	-,	· -
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		604,502	23,425	153	122,221
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		•	-	(1,596)	.
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		-			
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$		s -	\$ (1,596)	s -

SOUTH FLORIDA REGIONAL PLANNING COUNCIL

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BY PROJECT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

•		GENERAL FUND					
		Regional Domestic Security Task Force	Community Based Network	Catanese Center FAU	South Dade Watershed SFWMD		
REVENUES:				÷ .			
MEMBERSHIP ASSESSMENTS		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS	-	77,064	113,170	96,928	48,688		
D.R.I. FEES	ŧ		-				
INTEREST			· -	. <u>-</u>	1,247		
OTHER INCOME / REQUIRED MATCH		-	-	16,387	37		
TRANSFER (TO)/FROM GENERAL ACCOUNTS		8,959	1,701		78,177		
TOTAL REVENUES		86,023	114,871	113,315	128,149		
EXPENDITURES:							
CURRENT:							
COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING: PERSONNEL SERVICES:			,				
SALARIES		21,282	42,698	36,387	58,379		
EMPLOYEE FRINGE BENEFITS	•	5,307	10,762	9,386	14,295		
INDIRECT COSTS		8,133	16,351	14,001	22,229		
TOTAL		34,722	69,811	59,774	94,903		
ADDA ATDIC EVERNORO							
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
OUTSIDE CONSULTING FEES SUPPLIES		5,922	2,841	1,620			
PRINTING & REPRODUCTION		21,943	2,042	35	523		
COMPUTER USAGE & EQUIPMENT LEASE			3,528	-			
TELEPHONE & POSTAGE		4,993	250	· -			
TRAVEL		4.064	138	19	317		
PUBLICATIONS & ADVERTISING		4,964	484	1,190	790		
DUES, FEES & CONFERENCES		1,607	144 12,652				
INDIRECT COSTS		11,430	22,981	2,000	375		
LOAN WRITTEN OFF		11,430	22,701	19,677	31,241		
PROVISION FOR PROBABLE LOAN LOSSES	•	_	· -	-	•		
MISCELLANEOUS		442		29,000	•		
TOTAL	•	51,301	45,060	53,541	33,246		
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	•				22,210		
TOTAL TRANSMISSION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP		-	-	-			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	•	86,023	114,871	113,315	128,149		
. CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-	-		
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	_				<u> </u>		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	-	s -	S -	S	S -		

	GENERAL FUND						
	,						
	Watershed Study	TITLE III LEPC ·	Broward MPOs	Dade MPOs			
EVENUES: MEMBERSHIP ASSESSMENTS	\$ -	s - :	- \$	•			
FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS	730,450	7,616	63,080	70,867			
D.R.I. FEES	• -	-	-	. •			
INTEREST	-	-	-	- -			
OTHER INCOME / REQUIRED MATCH	-	-	-				
TRANSFER (TO)FROM GENERAL ACCOUNTS		6	21,964	2,138			
TOTAL REVENUES	730,450	7,622	85,044	73,005			
EXPENDITURES:			•	-			
CURRENT:							
COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING:							
PERSONNEL SERVICES:	•						
SALARIES		3,205	37,839	32,36			
EMPLOYEE FRINGE BENEFITS	_	785	9,548	8,14			
INDIRECT COSTS	-	1,220	14,494	12,392			
TOTAL		5,210	61,881	52,90			
OPERATING EXPENSES:			•				
OUTSIDE CONSULTING FEES	730,450	_	_				
SUPPLIES	7,30,430	_	172	17			
PRINTING & REPRODUCTION	_	• -	-	***			
COMPUTER USAGE & EQUIPMENT LEASE	_		959	95			
TELEPHONE & POSTAGE	_		8	, 70			
TRAVEL		364	1,109	1,00			
PUBLICATIONS & ADVERTISING			-	-,			
DUES, FEES & CONFERENCES	_	_	544	54			
INDIRECT COSTS	-	1,715	20,371	17,41			
LOAN WRITTEN OFF	-	·	-	,			
PROVISION FOR PROBABLE LOAN LOSSES	-		-				
MISCELLANEOUS	-	333	<u>-</u>				
TOTAL	730,450	2,412	23,163	20,102			
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	-	· -	_				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	730,450	7,622	85,044	73,005			
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	- ·					
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		•					

		GENERAL FUR				
	Coordinating Council of Broward	NFRC St. Johns	DCA Clean Cities	CITI Clean Cities FDOT		
REVENUES:						
MEMBERSHIP ASSESSMENTS	\$ -	- \$ -	\$ -	s -		
FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS	32,40	·	26,125	56,710		
D.R.I. FEES		_	·	,		
INTEREST				-		
OTHER INCOME / REQUIRED MATCH			190			
TRANSFER (TO)/FROM GENERAL ACCOUNTS	7,69	2 5,864	3,705	(867)		
TOTAL REVENUES	40,10	0 13,364	30,620	55,843		
EXPENDITURES:	•			00,040		
CURRENT: COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING: PERSONNEL SERVICES:		•		•		
SALARIES	18,44	5,904	11 644	5.060		
EMPLOYEE FRINGE BENEFITS	4,54		11,544 2,826	5,068		
INDIRECT COSTS	7,03	-,,	4,395	1,240 1,929		
TOTAL	30,02		18,765	8,237		
OPERATING EXPENSES: OUTSIDE CONSULTING FEES SUPPLIES		-		22,320		
PRINTING & REPRODUCTION			-			
COMPUTER USAGE & EQUIPMENT LEASE			-	-		
TELEPHONE & POSTAGE		-	· -	-		
TRAVEL	. 193		70	42		
PUBLICATIONS & ADVERTISING	. 193	606	2,263	32		
DUES, FEES & CONFERENCES		•	244			
INDIRECT COSTS	9,883	3,160	6,178	2,712		
LOAN WRITTEN OFF	.,		0,170	2,/12		
PROVISION FOR PROBABLE LOAN LOSSES			-	-		
MISCELLANEOUS			2,500	_		
TOTAL	10,078	3,766	11,255	25,106		
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	-	· _	_			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	40,100	13,364	30,020	33,343		
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE				22,500		
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR				22,000		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	s -	s -	s -	\$ 22,500		

		GENERAL FUND				
		Brow	CITI vard County DPEP	DCA TITLE III	Opa-Locka · DCA	Florida Keys Carrying Capacity SFWMD
REVENUES:						
MEMBERSHIP ASSESSMENTS		\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS			14,576	35,202	26,155	21,433
D.R.I. FEES			-	, _	-	
INTEREST				· -	-	_
OTHER INCOME / REQUIRED MATCH					_	
TRANSFER (TO)/FROM GENERAL ACCOUNTS			-	243	(11,044)	-
TOTAL REVENUES			14,576	35,445	15,111	21,433
XPENDITURES: CURRENT:						
COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING: PERSONNEL SERVICES:						-
SALARIES			4,956	14,736	6,977	9,212
EMPLOYEE FRINGE BENEFITS			1,214	3,630	1,707	2,593
INDIRECT COSTS TOTAL		·	1,887	5,618	2,657	3,611
IOIAL			8,057	23,984	11,341	15,416
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
OUTSIDE CONSULTING FEES			14,880			
SUPPLIES			- 1,000	_	-	,
PRINTING & REPRODUCTION				_	-	•
COMPUTER USAGE & EQUIPMENT LEASE			_		_	٠.
TELEPHONE & POSTAGE			` 50	16	29	_
TRAVEL			48	3,511	7	942
PUBLICATIONS & ADVERTISING			-	39	-	- 12
DUES, FEES & CONFERENCES			139	-	-	-
INDIRECT COSTS LOAN WRITTEN OFF			2,652	7,895	3,734	5,075
			-			
PROVISION FOR PROBABLE LOAN LOSSES MISCELLANEOUS			-	-		-
TOTAL					-	
·			17,769	11,461	3,770	6,017
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES				-		-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			25,826	35,445	15,111	21,433
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	•		(11,250)	-	_	-
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR						. 2
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR		_S	(11,250)	S	s - s	

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		GENERAL FUND				
	<u>F</u>	RHPC	REMI Software Agreement	The Institute of Community Collaboration	Clean City	
REVENUES:						
MEMBERSHIP ASSESSMENTS	\$		\$ -	s -	s -	
FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS		8,748	151,550	193,830	-	
D.R.I. FEES		-	_	_		
INTEREST		•	•		28	
OTHER INCOME / REQUIRED MATCH		25	-	-	47	
TRANSFER (TO)/FROM GENERAL ACCOUNTS		5,341	84,052	-	_	
TOTAL REVENUES		14,114	235,602	193,830	75	
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING: PERSONNEL SERVICES:		•				
SALARIES EMPLOYEE FRINGE BENEFITS INDIRECT COSTS	•	6,492 1,590	60,403 14,838	84,034 20,577		
TOTAL		2,472 10,554	23,014 98,255	31,997 136,608	<u> </u>	
OPERATING EXPENSES: OUTSIDE CONSULTING FEES SUPPLIES PRINTING & REPRODUCTION COMPUTER USAGE & EQUIPMENT LEASE		-	81,466 173 23,233	4,258 3,411	_ ·	
TELEPHONE & POSTAGE TRAVEL			10	133		
PUBLICATIONS & ADVERTISING DUES, FEES & CONFERENCES		86	120	4,319	- .	
INDIRECT COSTS LOAN WRITTEN OFF PROVISION FOR PROBABLE LOAN LOSSES	•	3,474 -	32,345 -	44,970 -	- -	
MISCELLANEOUS TOTAL	. —	3,560	137,347	131 57,222	75	
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES		-				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		14,114	235,602	193,830	75	
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		_	<u> </u>	_		
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR					5,976	
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	\$	- (S - :	S - 5		

			GENE	RAL FUND				
		Bay l	impa Regional g Council	SUB-TOTAL				
REVENUES:								
MEMBERSHIP ASSESSMENTS		\$		\$ 734,417				
FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS			2,743	2,546,246				
D.R.I. FEES			_	155,226				
INTEREST		•		7,508				
OTHER INCOME / REQUIRED MATCH	-		-	35,056				
TRANSFER (TO)/FROM GENERAL ACCOUNTS			-	(44,171)				
TOTAL REVENUES	· ·		2,743	3,434,282				
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING: PERSONNEL SERVICES: SALARIES				995,649				
EMPLOYEE FRINGE BENEFITS				253,839				
INDIRECT COSTS TOTAL				382,161				
IOIAL				1,631,649				
OPERATING EXPENSES: OUTSIDE CONSULTING FEES SUPPLIES PRINTING & REPRODUCTION COMPUTER USAGE & EQUIPMENT LEASE			- - -	1,195,992 29,584 13,810 31,702				
TELEPHONE & POSTAGE TRAVEL			2,476	4,011				
PUBLICATIONS & ADVERTISING DUES, FEES & CONFERENCES INDIRECT COSTS LOAN WRITTEN OFF			- - - -	31,773 6,078 20,519 537,159				
PROVISION FOR PROBABLE LOAN LOSSES MISCELLANEOUS								
TOTAL			267 2,743	93,682 1,964,310				
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES				39,267				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			2,743	3,635,226				
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			_	(200,944)				
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR				1,127,244				
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	:	\$	-	\$ 926,300				

SOUTH FLORIDA REGIONAL PLANNING COUNCIL

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BY PROJECT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

	REVOLVING LOAN FUND						
		Revolving Loan Fund EDA	_	Revolving Loan Fund II EDA	Revolving Loan Fund Rescue EDA		Revolving Loan Fund EPA
REVENUES: MEMBERSHIP ASSESSMENTS	\$		\$	٠	s -	\$	<u>:</u>
FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS		189,005		1,170,356	2,451,230		864,756
D.R.I. FEES		-		-	-		-
INTEREST		•		-	· -		825
OTHER INCOME / REQUIRED MATCH		-		•	2		600
TRANSFER (TO)/FROM GENERAL ACCOUNTS	-	-			-		19,700
TOTAL REVENUES		189,005		1,170,356	2,451,230		885,881
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT:							•
COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING: PERSONNEL SERVICES:							2
SALARIES		55,847		10,237	15,383		27,013
EMPLOYEE FRINGE BENEFITS INDIRECT COSTS		13,711		2,506	3,767		6,626
TOTAL		21,275 90,833		3,898 16,641	5,857 25,007		10,289 43,928
OPERATING EXPENSES:							,
OUTSIDE CONSULTING FEES		21,183		4,111	2,837		19,285
SUPPLIES		1,483		309	309		1,260
PRINTING & REPRODUCTION		627		125	270		1 100
COMPUTER USAGE & EQUIPMENT LEASE TELEPHONE & POSTAGE		1,228		135 62	270 177		1,180 170
TRAVEL		1,126		02	177		4.264
PUBLICATIONS & ADVERTISING		961		_	750		4,204
DUES, FEES & CONFERENCES		3,498		_	150		200
INDIRECT COSTS		29,902		5,478	8,232		14,461
LOAN WRITTEN OFF		53,308		(400)	(16,100)		
PROVISION FOR PROBABLE LOAN LOSSES		(5,101)		14,628	29,248		_
MISCELLANEOUS		262		363	323		12
TOTAL		108,477		24,686	26,046		40,832
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES		-		-	-		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		199,310		41,327	51,053		84,760
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(10,305)		1,129,029	2,400,177		801,121
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,323,945		-	-		
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	<u>s</u>	4,313,640	\$	1,129,029	\$ 2,400,177	\$	801,121

SOUTH FLORIDA REGIONAL PLANNING COUNCIL

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BY PROJECT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

	REVOLVING	•	
	EDA Administration	SUB-TOTAL	GRAND TOTAL
REVENUES:	,		
MEMBERSHIP ASSESSMENTS	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 734,417
FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL GRANTS	64,148	4,739,495	7,285,741
D.R.I. FEES	-	• -	155,226
INTEREST		825	8,333
OTHER INCOME / REQUIRED MATCH	59,509	60,109	95,165
TRANSFER (TO)/FROM GENERAL ACCOUNTS	24,471	44,171	-
TOTAL REVENUES	148,128	4,844,600	8,278,882
EXPENDITURES: CURRENT: COMPREHENSIVE PLANNING:			
PERSONNEL SERVICES:			
SALARIES EMPLOYEE FRINGE BENEFITS	64,296	172,776	1,168,425
INDIRECT COSTS	17,081 24,891	43,691	297,530
TOTAL	106,268	66,210 282,677	448,371 1,914,326
OPERATING EXPENSES:	· · · · · ·		
OUTSIDE CONSULTING FEES SUPPLIES	-	47,416 3,361	1,243,408 32,945
PRINTING & REPRODUCTION	. •		13,810
COMPUTER USAGE & EQUIPMENT LEASE TELEPHONE & POSTAGE	. 120	2,212	33,914
TRAVEL	120 6,408	1,757 11,798	5,768
PUBLICATIONS & ADVERTISING	0,400	1,711	43,571 7,789
DUES, FEES & CONFERENCES	349	4,047	24,566
INDIRECT COSTS	34,983	93,056	630,215
LOAN WRITTEN OFF	-	36,808	36,808
PROVISION FOR PROBABLE LOAN LOSSES	-	38,775	38,775
MISCELLANEOUS		960	94,642
TOTAL	41,860	241,901	2,206,211
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES	-	-	39,267
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	148,128	524,578	4,159,804
CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		4,320,022	4,119,078
FUND BALANCE AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	4,323,945	5,451,189
FUND BALANCE AT END OF YEAR	<u>s - </u>	\$ 8,643,967	\$ 9,570,267



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PEFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Council Members of South Florida Regional Planning Council

We have audited the general purpose financial statements of the South Florida Regional Planning Council (the "Council") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated February 11, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Council's general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item C-04-1.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Council's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the general purpose financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the Council's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the general purpose financial statements. A reportable condition is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item PY-03-2.

A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the general purpose financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the above reportable condition is a material weakness. We also noted others matters involving the internal control over financial reporting, which we have reported to the management of the Council in a separate letter dated February 11, 2005.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Council, management, officials of the State of Florida, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hollywood, Florida February 11, 2005 Water sie us



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND STATE PROJECT

To the Council Members of South Florida Regional Planning Council Hollywood, Florida

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the South Florida Regional Planning Council (the "Council") with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement and the requirements described in the Executive Office of the Governor's State Projects Compliance Supplement, that are applicable to its major federal program and state project for the year ended September 30, 2004. The Council's major federal programs and major state projects are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulation, contracts and grants applicable to its major federal program and state project is the responsibility of the Council's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Council's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations;* and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133 and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state financial assistance project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Council's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Council's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the Council complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs and state projects for the year ended September 30, 2004. However, the results of our auditing procedures, disclosed an instance of noncompliance with those requirements, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item C-04-1.

Internal Control over Compliance

The management of the Council is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to major federal programs and state projects. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Council's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program and the major state project in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

We noted a matter involving the internal control over compliance and its operations that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over compliance that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the Council's ability to administer a major federal program and state project in accordance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item PY-03-2.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants that would be material in relation to a major federal program and major state project being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We believe that the reportable condition reported above is a material weakness.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Council, management, officials of the State of Florida, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hollywood, Florida February 11, 2005 Worter Rice LLP

SOUTH FLORIDA REGIONAL PLANNING COUNCIL. SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE PROJECTS For Fiscal Year Ended September 39, 2004

	CFDA#/	# forther	Grant		Loans	Cash Balance (including cash
FEDERAL AWARDS:		The state of the s	THOMAS .	Experiments	SIGRAISSON	
US Dept. of Commerce - Economic Development Administration EDA Revolving Loan Grant	11.307	10,13950-93-40	\$ 3,877,175	\$ 199,310	\$ 3,638,470	
EDA Kevolving Loan Grant II EDA Revolving Loan Grant Rescue Subtotal for CFDA 11,307	11.307	04-59-03952 04-39-18019-01	1,165,138 2,431,679 7,473,992	41,327 51,053 291,690	487,604 974,932 5,101,006	
US Department of Transportation - Federal Highway Administration Passed through Miami-Dade County-MPO July 1, 2003 to June 30, 2004 July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005 Subnorf for MirmL Dade County MPO	20.205		75,000	70,867 6,827	• •	
Federal Highway Administration State Road 7 Strategic Master Plan	20.205	4150491-14-01 and 02	1,993,500	402,140		
Passed through Broward County-MPO July 1; 2003 to June 30, 2004 July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005 July 1, 2004 to December 31, 2004 Subtotal for Broward County -MPO	20.205		68,000 50,000 50,000 168,000	63,080 5,292 1,191 1,191		
Subional for CFDA 20.205			2,261,500	549,397		
US Environmental Protection Agency Essaward Hol Brownfields Brownfields Revolving Loan Fund Subsonal for CFDA 66.811	66.811 66.811	BP984511-98-2 BL974-34201-0	609,000 2,200,000 2,800,000	403 64,548 64,951	720,000	
US Dept. of Commerce - Economic Development Administration District Renewal, Planning and Administration EDA District Planning Grant Subsorint for CFDA 11, 305	11.305	04-83-05284 04-83-05284-01	59,500 52,000 111,500	49,933 14,215 64,148		
U.S. Department of Homeland Security - Office of Domestic Preparedness, Law Enforcement Assistance, Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Laboratory Analysis, Passed through Regional Domestic Task Force	16,001		145,000	77,065	•	
US Environmental Protection Agency Passed through the Southwest Regional Planning Council Sea Level Rise Mapping & Local Govt. Review & Approval	909'99	X8251001-1	77,500	•	•	
US Department of Energy Passed through Florida Department of Environmental Protection	81.119	04-SE-4U-11-23-21-460	. 20,000	20,000	•	
US Department of Transportation Passed through the State of Florida Department of Community Affairs Planning and Training Agreement (HMSP)	20.703	04-CP-2E-13-00-21-076	39,182	13,906	• ·	
Federal Emergency Management Agency Passed through the State of Florida Department of Community Affairs Opa-Locka Technical Planning Assistance	83.536	03-FM-53-13-00-21	25,000	15,111	•	
Total Federal Awards			12,953,674	1,096,268	5,821,006	

SOUTH FLORIDA REGIONAL PLANNING COUNCIL, SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS AND STATE PROJECTS For Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2004

Cash.

	CFDA#/	Contract #	Grant	Expenditures	Loans Receivable	Balance (including cash held by trustee)
STATE PROJECTS						
State of Florida Department of Community Affairs Regional Planning Council Agreements July 1, 2003 to June 30, 2004 July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005	\$2.006 \$2.006	04-DR-45-13-00-21-011 05-DR-52-13-00-21-011	\$ 287,136	\$ 116,539 319,891	· ·	٠ ب
Title III Funds July 1, 2003 to June 30, 2004 July 1, 2004 to June 30, 2005 Subtotal for CSFA 52.006	. 52.006 52.006	04-DR-45-13-00-21-011 05-DR-52-13-00-21-011	40,909 40,909 688,845	36,686 40,909 514,025		
State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Passed through Miami-Dade County South Dade Watershed Collaborative Plan Subtotal for CSFA 37.039	37,039	DEP SFWAD SP\$29	1,100,000 1,000,000 1,100,000 3,200,000	301,450 429,000 50,000 780,450		000'60\$
State of Florida Department of Transportation Community Transportation initiative - Phase V	55.007	AH928	30,000	34,210	•	
South Florida Water Management District South Florida Water, Wastewater and Stormwater Facilities Study	37.039	C-15798	300,000	122,221		
Total State Projects			4,218,845	1,450,906		209,000
Total Federal and State Projects			\$ 17,172,519	\$ 2,547,174	\$ 5,821,006	\$ 3,539,018

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Projects includes the federal and state sward activities of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Projects includes the federal and state on the accruait basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Results of Financial Statements Audit

Type of report issued on the basic financial statements:

Unqualified

C-04-1

Reportable conditions:

Noncompliance:

Reportable conditions disclosed during the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Summary of Findings and Questioned Costs (Section II: PY-03-2). Reportable conditions reported are material weaknesses.

Results of OMB Circular A-133 Audit and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General

Type of report issued on compliance with major programs:

Federal Awards

Unqualified.

State Projects

Unqualified.

Reportable conditions over major programs:

A reportable condition relating to the audit of major federal program is reported in the Summary of Findings and Questioned Costs (Section II: PY-03-2). This reportable condition is reported as a material weakness.

Findings and Questioned Costs:

Federal Award Program

C-04-1

State Project

None

Major programs:

Federal Award Programs

U.S. Department of Commerce, CFDA # 11.307 Federal Highway Administration, CFDA # 20.205 US Environmental Protection Agency, CDFA #

66.811

State Projects

State of Florida Department of Community Affairs,

CSFA # 52.006

State of Florida Department of Environmental

Protection, CSFA # 37.039

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs for major federal program and state project:

\$500,000.

Determination of low risk/high risk auditee:

The South Florida Regional Planning Council was determined not to be a low-risk auditee pursuant to OMB Circular A-133.

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

C-04-1 CONDITION

On February 23, 2004, the U.S. Department of Commerce, through the EDA, signed an Offer to Amend Grant Agreement to transfer the administration of Special EDA Assistance Program Long-Term Economic Deterioration RLF II and Rescue to the Council from a nonprofit corporation. The outstanding balance of loans receivable and funds available to the program amounted to \$1,571,858 and \$2,001,905, respectively, and were transferred to the Council on May 1, 2004.

The loan files transferred to the Council contained checklists of loan documents that were required to be submitted for each loan application, as well as other requirements which must be met in order to qualify under the program. Our review of the loan files transferred to the Council revealed several documents that were missing from the files. Also, we noted that the loan files did not contain documents required under the loan agreement, such as updated insurance policies, annual income tax returns and financial statements.

CRITERIA

Loan administration should include procedures in place that will ensure complete and updated documents are available in the loan files for each borrower.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that the Council, based on the checklist of loan documents and the loan agreements, perform an inventory of loan files transferred from the nonprofit corporation to determine important documents that the Council needs to obtain from the nonprofit corporation. We also recommend that the Council take the necessary steps in obtaining the updated documents required under the loan agreement for each borrower.

MANAGEMENT'S COMMENT

Management concurs, effective immediately, the Economic Development Specialist and Financial Specialist will ensure that all required and current documents are in files. A checklist has been created to ensure that documents are kept in a particular order. All loan files will be reviewed and all related documentation will be current and filed, by the due date of August 30, 2005.

SECTION III – SUMMARY AND STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR'S FINDINGS

PY-03-1 CONDITION

In 2003 audit, we noted that project managers prepare billings/requests for reimbursements to grantors/ contractors. A copy of all the billings/requests for reimbursements is forwarded to the Finance and Accounting Department (FAD) for recording of revenues in the general ledger. Because of the absence of policies and procedures over this process, copies of billings/requests for reimbursements were not provided to the FAD in a timely manner. Consequently, the FAD encountered difficulty in the proper matching of collections to outstanding billings and the proper

charging of revenues to projects. We also noted an instance of late billing which the FAD noted after the closing process of the projects' revenues and expenses.

CRITERIA

Sound internal control requires that revenues and related claims from third parties be recorded completely and accurately. This ensures that interim financial statements submitted to the Council's various decision making bodies are accurate and free from errors due to revenue cut-off issues.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that the Council implement policies and procedures to ensure that billings/requests for reimbursements are recorded completely and accurately, and in a timely manner. The Council may consider the following in drafting the policies and procedures:

- a) Require the project managers to submit a summary of billings/requests for reimbursements at least once a month to the FAD. The date should be set in such a way that it will facilitate the FAD's monthly closing procedures.
- b) The summary of billings/requests for reimbursements must be signed and approved by the project managers, and receipt acknowledged by the Controller.
- c) A copy of the summary of billings/requests for reimbursements must be attached to the journal voucher recording the revenues to provide an audit trail.
- d) An aged listing of accounts receivable must be prepared and provided to the project managers every month.

CURRENT YEAR'S STATUS

No similar findings were noted.

PY-03-2 CONDITION

In prior year's audit, we noted the following areas that need improvement relative to the Council's administration and monitoring of its revolving loan fund:

- a) We noted that the follow-up field visits for existing loan borrowers, as required by the Council's internal loan policies, were not completely documented. For the loans tested there were six field visits conducted in fiscal year 2003, however, only one field visit had documentation of the results. In addition, all loan accounts existing as of fiscal year 2002 did not have the latest income tax return and updated corporate financial statements.
- b) We noted that it is the policy of the Council to deposit with a trustee the loan proceeds of all approved borrowers for closing. The FAD records the loan receivable when the check payable to the trustee is issued. On the other hand, the loans department creates a borrower's account in the ADG Loan Profile at the time of the final closing, at which time the trustee issues a check to the borrower. This practice would result in a difference between the balances of the loans receivable per the general ledger and the subsidiary ledger.

c) Although the Council's internal policies and procedures require a periodic analysis of the collectibility of the loan accounts, it has yet to effect the results of its analysis in the general ledger. During the year, the Council identified loan accounts with combined outstanding balances of \$114,255 to be doubtful as to collections. However, there was no provision for probable loan losses that was set up in the general ledger.

CRITERIA

- (a) Each loan agreement states that the Council will a conduct review of operations of loan recipients to ascertain that commitments made by borrowers to create and/or maintain jobs with the use of the loan proceeds are met. Further, loan recipients are required to submit to the Council annual income tax returns and annual updated corporate financial statements.
- (b) Loans receivable should be recorded at final closing; this practice complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). In the interim, the Council may record the check issued to the trustee as "Cash Held By Trustee".
- (c) The Council's revolving loan fund program policy and procedure manual states that write off of uncollectibles loans must be in compliance with GAAP. GAAP requires recognition of a provision for loan losses on accounts which are doubtful as to collection to bring the account balance to its estimated realizable value.

RECOMMENDATION

We recommend that the Council (a) strictly implement its policies and procedures regarding loan follow-ups; (b) records loans receivable at closing; and (c) records and adjust the provision for loan losses as a result of its periodic analysis of loans.

CURRENT YEAR'S STATUS

No similar findings were noted for items (b) and (c).

Similar findings were noted for item (a). Field visits were not properly documented for two (2) of six (6) loans tested. Also, during our review, documents, like occupational licenses, articles of incorporation, UCC 1 forms, updated annual income tax return and financial statements were not readily available for five (5) of six (6) loans tested. These documents were sent through fax by either the Council's legal counsel or the borrowers.

MANAGEMENT'S COMMENT

Management has currently established a review process where the Economic Development Specialist and the Finance Director will review each form after each field visit to ensure that the loan files are in compliance.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Council Members of South Florida Regional Planning Council Hollywood, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the South Florida Regional Planning Council (the "Council") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2004, and have issued our report thereon dated February 11, 2005.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and Internal Control over Financial Reporting, Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance and Internal Control over Compliance Applicable to the Major Federal Programs and State Projects, and the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated February 11, 2005 should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Those rules (Section 10.554(1)(g)l.a.) require that we address in the management letter, if not already addressed in the auditors' reports on compliance and internal controls or schedule of findings and questioned costs, whether or not inaccuracies, shortages, defalcations, fraud, and/or violations of laws, rules, regulations, and contractual provisions reported in the preceding annual financial audit report have been corrected. There were no inaccuracies, shortages, defalcations, fraud, and/or violations of laws, rules, regulations, and contractual provisions disclosed in the preceding audit report.

The Rules of the Auditor General (Section 10.554(1)(g)l.b.) require that we address in the management letter, if not already addressed in the auditor's reports on compliance and internal controls or schedule of findings and questioned costs, whether or not recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report have been followed. The recommendations made in the preceding independent auditors' management letter have been corrected except for those reported under the Status of Prior Year's Findings as items ML-02-1 to ML-02-2.

As required by the Rules of the Auditor General (Section 10.554(1)(g)2.), the scope of our audit included a review of the provisions of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds. In connection with our audit, we determined that the Council complied with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

As required by the Rules of the Auditor General (Section 10.554(1)(g)3.), we disclosed in the Current Year's Finding a recommendation to improve financial management, accounting procedures, and internal controls described as item ML-04-1.

The Rules of the Auditor General (Section 10.554(1)(g)4.) require disclosure in the management letter of the following matters if not already addressed in the auditors' reports on compliance and internal controls or schedule of findings and questioned costs: (1) violations of laws, rules, regulations, and contractual provisions that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred; (2) improper or illegal expenditures; (3) improper or inadequate accounting procedures (e. g., the omission of required disclosures from the financial statements); (4) failures to properly record financial transactions; and (5) other inaccuracies, shortages, defalcations, and instances of fraud discovered by, or that come to the attention of, the auditor. Our audit disclosed no matters required to be disclosed under the Rules of the Auditor General (Section 10.554(1)(g)4.)

The Rules of the Auditor General (Section 10.554(1)(g)5.) also require that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in the management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. This required disclosure is included in Note 1 of the notes to the financial statements as of September 30, 2004.

As required by the Rules of the Auditor General (Section 10.554(1)(g)6.a.), the scope of our audit included a review of the provisions of Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, regarding financial emergencies. In connection with our audit, we have determined that the Council is not in a state of financial emergency at September 30, 2004, as a consequence of conditions described in Section 218.503(1) of the Florida Statutes.

As required by the Rules of the Auditor General (Section 10.554(1)(g)6.b.), we determined that the annual financial report for the Council for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2004, filed with the Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32, Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2004.

As required by the Rules of the Auditor General (Sections 10.554(g)(6)c. and 10.556), we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by the same. The financial condition assessment procedures applied did not disclose a deteriorating financial condition.

This management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the members of the Council, management and officials of the Council, and the State of Florida Office of the Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hollywood, Florida February 11, 2005

Water Rice LLP

SOUTH FLORIDA REGIONAL PLANNING COUNCIL

CURRENT YEAR'S FINDINGS For the Year Ended September 30, 2004

ML-04-1 CONDITION

It was noted that the Finance Director performs incompatible functions of recording of collections to the general ledger and preparation of bank reconciliation statements. In addition, bank reconciliations are not reviewed by any other officer of the Council.

Good internal control dictates segregation of duties as it relates to recording of cash receipts to the general ledger and preparation of bank reconciliations. In addition, a review of bank reconciliations should be performed by a person other than the preparer with no incompatible duties.

MANAGEMENT'S COMMENT

The deposit draft has been assigned to Administrative Assistant, who will be preparing all bank deposits form this point forward.

SOUTH FLORIDA REGIONAL PLANNING COUNCIL

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR'S FINDING For the Year Ended September 30, 2004

ML-03-1 CONDITION

It was noted that other than the loan specialist there was no other personnel who is knowledgeable of the different accounting and administrative processes of the revolving loan fund program. This condition places the Council in a disadvantaged position since there is no back up staff to ensure the continuity of the operations of the program in case of an employee termination or leave of absence.

CURRENT YEAR'S STATUS

Management has addressed this issue by hiring an additional staff person as of March 15, 2004 to assist with the revolving loan program.

ML-02-1 GASB #34 IMPLEMENTATION

In June 1999, Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, which establishes new financial reporting requirements for State and Local Governments. It establishes that the basic financial statements and required supplementary information (RSI) for general purpose governments should consist of:

- Management's discussion and analysis (MD & A)
- Basic financial statements which include:
 - 1. Government-wide financial statements
 - 2. Fund financial statements
 - 3. Notes to the financial statements
 - 4. Required supplementary information (RSI)

The requirements of this Statement are effective in three phases based on a government's total annual revenues in the first fiscal year ending after June 15, 1999. Governments with total annual revenues (excluding extraordinary items) of \$100 million or more (phase 1) should apply this statement for periods beginning after June 15, 2001.

Governments with at least \$10 million but less than \$100 million in revenues (phase 2) should apply this Statement in periods beginning after June 15, 2003. Governments with less than \$10 million in revenues (phase 3) should apply this Statement for periods beginning after June 15, 2003. Earlier application is encouraged.

Based on the above criteria, the South Florida Regional Planning Council is required to implement GASB Statement No. 34 in the period beginning October 1, 2003.

We recommend that management begin the process now of developing an implementation plan.

CURRENT YEAR'S STATUS

GASB No. 34 was implemented during the current fiscal year.

SOUTH FLORIDA REGIONAL PLANNING COUNCIL

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR'S FINDING For the Year Ended September 30, 2004

ML-02-2 FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION AND BUDGET POLICY

During our prior year's audit we noted one area where the Council needs improvement. The Council does not maintain its accounting records and internal financial statements in the same format as the audited financial statements i.e., a presentation wherein accounts of governmental fund types (general and special revenue funds) are grouped and shown separately.

CURRENT YEAR'S STATUS

A similar finding was noted in the current year's audit. Fund reporting was not addressed in the new Window's version of the accounting software used by the Council.

MANAGEMENT'S COMMENT

Upper management is currently reviewing the budget for funding availability and intends to acquire a fund accounting system in compliance in the near future. In the meantime, the following accounting software programs: Fund ware, MIP, BUCS are being evaluated.